



THE Gleichen Call



Thirteenth Year, No. 2

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1919

\$1.50 Per Year

LOCAL AND GENERAL

We regret to learn Mr. G. Hyde of Cluny is quite ill at Vancouver.

Look over our Soldiers Roll of Honor and see if you can find some corrections.

The Palm Parlors tell you of the dainty delicious things you want at this season in their ad.

A. Thorsen was in town Tuesday and said he was preparing to start harrowing the next day.

Mrs. J. K. Crapo had the misfortune a week ago to slip on some ice, and from the fall sustained a fractured leg.

Mrs. and Miss Tudhope returned Saturday from California, where they visited the former's mother for some months.

Mrs. A. Read was taken to a Calgary hospital last week, and her friends will be pleased to learn she is improving.

Hope our Cluny, Standard or Craigantler correspondents are not ill. It's a long time since we heard from any of them.

Read what the Department of Agriculture has to say about organizing, managing and financing of School Fairs in this issue.

Two more unsigned letters have reached The Call. They appear to be all right, but we must insist on knowing who the writers are.

An important meeting of the Gleichen District Agricultural Association will be held in the Town Hall at 8 o'clock tonight, Thursday.

Not a few new and old tractors are now moving out into the country each day. There will be something doing on the land right away.

Sunday the C. P. R. pushed all their clocks ahead of standard time one hour, and the travelling public must conduct themselves accordingly.

The Western Stock Ranches, Ltd., are offering three and half sections of their land on Crowfoot creek for sale in their ad. in this issue for sale. This should be picked up quick.

That was a dandy warm rain on Monday. Just the sort to bring out the farmer's smile, and make the grass and seed grow. More just like Monday's sample will be highly appreciated.

Corpl. A. Ross, who enlisted in January, 1915, returned to Gleichen last week. He was wounded in October, 1916, and has only now left the Edmonton hospital where he spent a year and a half.

Our implement dealers are now doing a good business and turning out farm machinery as fast as they can set it up. This is the very best indication of the intentions the farmers have of seeding big acreages this year.

Mrs. James Walker last week fell on some ice and was unfortunate enough to dislocate her wrist very badly, however, she is said to be improving nicely. Being an elderly lady her many friends will be pleased to learn nothing more serious resulted.

Although we have made this issue ten pages, ads. arriving late has again made it necessary to leave over several columns of news and ads. for the next Call.

In my last writing I promised some news of the good times we have been having this winter. So I managed to get a peep in at the last two of these old-fashioned good times.

The death of John Williams is reported to have occurred at Milo Monday morning. While on his way to Cluny Dave Oiler was overtaken and requested to come on to Gleichen and obtain a casket from George W. Evans. When he reached here he could supply no further information.

Wm. McConnell has returned from Vancouver, where he was called owing to the illness of his brother, who died on March 17th. Of eight brothers who went to the front this is the only one to die as a result of his wounds, although another brother is in a serious condition in England.

D. J. McManley says it is a disgrace the way the mail arrives at the Arrowwood post office and he might better be in the Yukon. For weeks at a time no mail arrives and it should twice each week from Vulcan. He thinks the mail should be sent daily from Gleichen as the Arrowwood people do their business in Gleichen. To get a letter a few miles south of town from a Gleichen firm it first goes to Calgary to get a good start, then back up to Vulcan and in a few weeks may shoot north to Arrowwood. When will the Gleichen Board of Trade re-organize and take up such important matters as this?

The Farmers Hall at Milo is proving a good thing for the people of the Queenstown district as a hospital. In fact it is hard to say how some would have survived with out it during the "flu" epidemic of the past winter, and now it is again in demand. It was reported on Monday there were no less than 19 cases of "flu" then in the hall, although they are all mild cases, with two exceptions. Jack Aasgard and Carl Herman are reported seriously ill, but it is hoped their recovery will soon be announced. Senott O'Leary, wife and three children are all in bed at their home. A nurse is in charge at the hall and another was expected to arrive from Calgary on Monday to assist her.

C. L. FARROW DIES IN CALGARY

After three weeks illness Claude Leroy Farrow, formerly manager of the Revelstoke Sawmill Co. at Gleichen, died at noon on Wednesday, March 26th, at his home in Calgary, where he has resided for the past two years, in charge of the company's east end branch of that city.

Mr. Farrow was born in Nebraska 34 years ago and is survived by a widow and two children, who live in Calgary. The funeral service was conducted at the Armstrong Funeral Home Friday, after which interment was made in the Union cemetery.

The following were the pall-bearers: C. E. Tryon, F. C. Manning, George Eggleston, W. N. Poole, W. H. Brown and F. L. Mallory of Gleichen.

During the two years Mr. and Mrs. Farrow resided in Gleichen they made many friends, who deeply regret his demise and extend to his widow and children their deepest sympathy in their great loss.

Calgary Bull Sale April 7th to 10th

The fact that 750 bulls will be offered at the Calgary Bull Sale on April 7th to 10th will make a visit to the sale worth while to stockmen, even if not in the market for bulls. The breeders of purebred stock in Alberta have been buying the best stock that could be found anywhere to head their herds, and the stock from these herds is being brought to the sale in larger numbers each year, with the result that the Calgary sale has become the best place to buy high quality bulls, as well as good, strong bulls for the range.

The animals will be judged all day Monday, April 7th, the annual meeting of the Alberta Cattle Breeders' Association will be held that evening in the Palliser hotel, and the sale will take place morning, afternoon and evening, the 8th, 9th and 10th. Special passenger rates of a fare and one-third for the return trip have been put in force, good going 6th to 9th, returning up to the 12th.

The Association pays the freight to the purchaser's nearest railway station in Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia points at a nominal rate and the animals are loaded on the cars by the Association.

This sale will present the best offering ever made at the sales of the Association. The entries include six Galloways, 235 Herefords, 370 Shorthorns and 123 Aberdeen-Angus from the best herds in Alberta. The bulls will be sold in the order given above, those born in 1918 will be sold first, then those born in 1917 and so on.

In connection with the new range regulations, it may be mentioned that the Association is putting in a vat at Victoria Park and will arrange to take care of dipping and feeding for the sellers and purchasers on a reasonable basis, in order that the regulations will cause the least inconvenience.

Catalogues of entries may be obtained from E. L. Richardson, secretary, Alberta Cattle Breeders' Association, Calgary.

East Arrowwood Doings

The pleasant weather is preparing everyone for spring work which is coming rapidly. Unless there is a setback, seeding will be in full swing in a few days.

According to present plans the advanced department of the school will be closed from Friday, April 4th, for four weeks in order to allow the students off who are needed at home during the busy season. Miss Giberson's department, Grades I to IV, will continue to the end of June. The advanced department, however, plans to continue till harvest in August, when another month's vacation will be taken.

MRS. PETER KELLY DIED SUDDENLY

A very sad death took place in town on Tuesday evening when one of our young and highly respected women, Mrs. Peter Kelly, passed away. Deceased appeared to be making a good recovery from an attack of the "flu" until a few hours before her death when she was seized with paralysis of the heart, sinking rapidly until the end came.

The late Mrs. Kelly was born in Renfrewshire, Scotland, thirty-two years ago. She came from the old land to Gleichen a bride in April 1914, and by her kind and genial disposition won an ever-increasing circle of friends, who now join in extending to Mr. Kelly and his two little children, and also to the father and mother and five sisters across the sea, their deep and heart-felt sympathy.

The funeral will take place from the family residence on Eighth ave. to the Gleichen cemetery on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

MRS. GEORGE GREEN PASSES AWAY

The death of Mrs. Elizabeth E. Green, beloved wife of Mr. George Green, at their farm home near Standard early Friday morning, March 28th, was learned with the deepest regrets as she was well-known and held in high esteem by all.

Besides her husband the deceased leaves to mourn her demise her mother, Mrs. Brockmuir, and a family of seven children, three sons and four daughters, ranging from about four years upwards, the eldest being Mrs. Helmer, who is the only child of her first marriage. She is also survived by two sisters, Mrs. Wilson Harrison of St. Rose de Lac, and Mrs. C. C. Canon of Ventura, Idaho.

She was born in Lindsay, Ontario, in 1878, and moved with her parents in 1886 to North Dakota, coming to Gleichen in August 1910.

She had been ill only about three weeks previous to her death and her relatives and friends left nothing on done to aid her in her sufferings.

The funeral service was conducted at the home by the Rev. Canon Stocken on Sunday afternoon, from where a great number of friends accompanied the remains to their last resting place in the Standard cemetery.

On the casket supplied by George W. Evans a number of beautiful floral offerings rested.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. N. Hughes, K. A. Merthby, C. A. Sheets, Henry Dankworth, H. H. Ellis and M. H. Sammon.

The most sincere sympathy is extended to Mr. Green and his family in their great bereavement.

Gleichen Train Arrivals

This time table is based on C. P. R. time, which is one hour ahead of standard time:

GOING WEST—
No. 1—3:25 a.m. No. 3—3:51 p.m.

GOING EAST—
No. 2—2:25 a.m. No. 4—4:51 p.m.

Send all your Job Printing to The Gleichen Call—learn the reason.

A "quarter" buys a Thrift Stamp

LOST—A black fur robe between W. Walsh's house and The Call office. Return to Call office.

Greenfield's Auction Mart

CALGARY, PHONE M3777

Are open to buy for spot cash to any amount:

HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE,
OFFICE and
STORE FIXTURES

Large or small quantities
STOCKS OF
MERCHANDISE
or goods of any description.

No charge for valuation.

Use Phone.

Our representative will arrange to call on you.

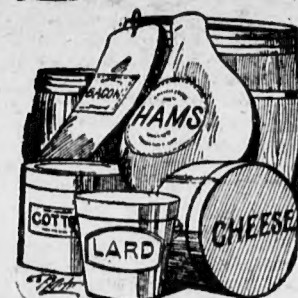
Consult us as to your wants. We can supply them and save you money.

LARGEST CONCERN OF
THIS KIND IN THE WEST

GEO. MATTHEWS

IF YOU are not already one of our satisfied customers and would like to buy your goods at the rock bottom cash prices just come in and see how right our prices really are.

We cannot buy a higher quality of goods, and we cannot give a better service, but every week we are giving you the benefit of buying our goods for cash in the best markets known.



Canada Food Board License No. 8-24799

TO THE PUBLIC

ON or about April 1st we
we will re-open the premises
lately occupied by Pickard
& Tuck with a full line of
Gents' Furnishings.

Pinder & Stabback

Racial Question and League of Nations

Paris. — William Hughes, premier of Australia, made the flat statement to the Associated Press that he was unalterably in opposition to the proposed racial equality amendment to the covenant of the league of nations or to any form of it, however mild in recognizing that principle.

The American amendment concerning the Munro Doctrine and the Japanese racial amendments were not included in the covenant of the league of nations as sent to the drafting committee. The amendments may be offered later at a plenary session of the peace council or before the council of ten.

The Japanese delegation to the peace conference continued to press for an amendment to the covenant of the league which would go as far as the conference was willing to concede toward the promulgation of the principle of the equality of races. The original Japanese proposal, which met with speedy rejection, has been modified by them several times until as it stands today, it calls for "recognition of the equality of nations and just treatment of all their nationals." It was generally understood that several of the leading delegations, including the United States mission and the majority of the British, were inclined to believe there was nothing objectionable to an amendment thus framed.

"Australia," said Premier Hughes, "cannot accept this proposal which strikes at the very root of the policy that we have maintained so long, which is vital to our existence and which we have guarded as zealously as has America her Monroe Doctrine. I am anxious to avoid anything likely to hurt the susceptibilities of the people of other nations, but on this point, since we cannot give way, it is best that I should speak plainly. We cannot agree to the insertion of any words in the covenant or in the treaty of peace, that would impair or even question our sovereign rights in regard to any and every aspect of this question."

"One of the principles of the league is that there shall be no interference in the international affairs of any nation. No nation will surrender its sovereignty in matters essential to its welfare to enter the league."

"I cannot but regard the proposed amendment as an effort to establish a position in which ultimately some nations would find their internal policy challenged by the league at the instigation of one of its members. The amendment, no matter how innocuous it may seem in form, is certainly aimed at giving the league control of questions relating to immigration, naturalization and matters which cannot be surrendered by any state without such impairment of its sovereignty as to make it, in effect, a subject state."

"If the league is able to compel a state to amend its immigration, naturalization and franchise laws, there remains to the state only the shadow of sovereignty. The substance has gone. No free nation could agree to dictation in such a matter from the league of nations. Intimate problems belong to and must remain under the control of the individual nation."

London. — Replying to Brigadier-General Croft in the house of commons, Right Hon. Andrew Bonar Law said that no agreement will be entered into at Paris which would interfere with the full control of the United Kingdom or the dominions over their own customs duties.

Paving the Way For Permanent Peace

London. — The Paris correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette says on high authority that "In order to avoid perils which would inevitably arise if preliminary peace terms are not drafted until such time as the various commissions shall have finished their labors, and have presented their respective reports, the representatives of the great powers have drawn up certain proposals which seem ample to constitute the basis of the first treaty, or one analogous to that signed at Versailles in 1871."

The correspondent adds that these proposals are under the consideration of the "inner council of four," Premiers Lloyd George, Clemenceau and Orlando and President Wilson, which has temporarily superseded the council of ten, and that this arrangement will greatly expedite decisions.

"A final settlement will not be aimed at," continues the correspondent, "but the terms will be sufficiently firm, drastic and definite to provide for an enduring peace, justify in large measure early demobilization, simplify the grave international food problem and pave the way for speedy industrial reconstruction and financial reorganization."

Defeat Daylight Saving Bill

Resolution Defeated in Commons by a Vote of 105 to 50

Ottawa. — A resolution in favor of the re-enactment of the daylight saving bill this year was defeated in the commons, the vote against it being 105 to 50. The resolution was moved by Major R. C. Cooper, Vancouver South, a Unionist member, and seconded by Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux. The debate occupied the entire sitting and it was evident from the beginning, that the opponents of the resolution were in the majority. The rural representatives of Ontario and the Atlantic provinces were a unit in their opposition, while the urban representatives of the east, along with practically a solid British Columbia and a majority of the Quebec members, both rural and urban, favored the re-enactment of the legislation of last year. The maritime province vote was split. Only seven members from Ontario favored daylight saving.

Bessarabia New Republic

Has Ordered Military Operations Against Rumanian Army

London. — A republic has been proclaimed in Bessarabia and its directorate has ordered military operations against the Rumanian army, a part of which has been forced to fall back, according to a Warsaw dispatch to the Telegraph. It is stated that the movement is evidently engineered by Bolsheviks supported by Ukrainians, who seek to break through Rumania to establish contact between Moscow and Budapest.

Bessarabia, under the old regime in Russia, a province lying along the northeastern frontier of Rumania. It is bounded on the west by the Pruth river and on the east and north by the Dniester. On the southeast it is washed by the Black sea. It has an area of 17,614 square miles and had a population of 2,262,400. Rumania laid claim to Bessarabia after the collapse of the imperial regime in Russia and Russian troops have been occupying parts of the country.

Huns Held Danish Residents

Paris. — Germany is detaining Danish residents of Schleswig who desire to return home after having been released from Russian prisons, according to advices reaching the French foreign office. These men were among Germans taken prisoner by the Russians during the war and who, after being let go in Russia, attempted to return to Schleswig. They are, however, it is declared, being imprisoned in Germany and denied permission to go home.

Weather Supplied

Montreal. — The Marconi Wireless company has completed arrangements for supplying airplanes to aviators who may attempt to cross the Atlantic.

A complete series of bulletins about weather conditions over the area to be traversed will be compiled from advices to ships at sea and will be sent out from the company's Glace Bay station and picked up by the aviators.

French Post Abolished

Paris. — President Poincare, acting on Captain Andre Tardieu's suggestion, has signed a decree abolishing the post of French high commissioner at Washington on April 1.

British Strikers Resume Work

Railway Strike Resolution Was Rescinded and Miners Out are Returning

London. — The delegates to the conference of the National Union of Railwaymen have decided to accept the offer of the government for the settlement of their demands.

J. H. Thomas, general secretary of the union, said that the settlement was made subject to satisfaction being obtained on some points yet outstanding. The strike resolution was rescinded by the conference.

Thirty thousand South Wales miners have resumed work and the remainder of the strikers will fall in line.

Hun Liners Arrive in England

Leviathans of Atlantic Now Being Handed Over in Obedience to Allied Terms

Copenhagen. — The delivery of German merchant ships to the allies continues, despatches received here from Berlin says. Various vessels of the Hanza line sailed from Bremen and the North German Lloyd liners Zeppelin, 15,000 tons, Waldeck, 6,517 tons, and Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, 17,000 tons, sailed recently and were to be followed by the Meiningen. The North German Lloyd steamers Prinz Ludwig, 9,600 tons; Frankfurt, 7,400 tons; Altenburg, 7,000 tons and the new steamer Meissen, were to sail soon.

Other steamers of the North German Lloyd allotted to the allies are also preparing to sail soon.

Must Pay Own Way

Soldiers' Dependents Who Left Canada After Signing of Armistice Return at Own Expense

Ottawa. — Owing to the fact that a number of soldiers' dependents are leaving for England in the expectation of returning with their soldier relatives, the order in council in regard to expenses of repatriation has been amended. It now provides that no expenditure shall be incurred by the government in the repatriation of any soldiers' dependents who left Canada for the United Kingdom, France or Belgium, on or after November 11, 1918.

Those, therefore, who have left Canada for the United Kingdom since the signing of the armistice will have to return at their own expense.



HELP WANTED!

Keep away from the flame of the candle if you don't want your wings singed, is a proverb as old as the hills. So old we have almost forgotten to apply it to ourselves. In every community men and women are imitating the moths. How many times have we been singed by the fascination of that long distance "bargain"? And how many times have we come back, and back again, to the flame? How much money is lost each year to this community by this same singeing process? The flame of the candle mounts higher. The moths crowd closer and closer to the flame. It is our business to put that flame out. Wanted:—A few men and women in our community to apply the snuffer.

Opposed to Fixed Prices

Views of Hon. Crerar and the Government Seem to Harmonize

Ottawa. — Hon. Mr. Crerar, answering W. D. Cowan, of Regina, in the agricultural committee, said that in opposing a fixed price for wheat, he spoke only for himself and not for the government.

It is a habit that ministers have; only the premier speaks for the government. At the same time, those on the inside at Ottawa know that the sentiments of the government are those of Mr. Crerar. They have been talking about it since last fall and there has been so far no division of cabinet opinion against the proposal. Mr. Crerar broke the ice, but, voicing only his own views officially, he voiced, unofficially, the views of his colleagues.

Saskatchewan members will now throw the question into parliament, with a direct resolution calling for a fixed price. The outlook is not promising.

Dominion Troops Parade in London

London. — It is understood that Lord Milner, British secretary for the colonies, is giving his personal attention to the question of the ceremonial parade through London by the Dominion troops before their departure for home.

Many newspapers here are constantly expressing regret that the overseas soldiers are being allowed to depart practically without a send-off.

Report is Erroneous

Sir Robert Not Considering Position of Ambassador at Washington

Ottawa. — Sir Thomas White, in the commons stated that from time to time press despatches from abroad had associated erroneously the name of Sir Robert Borden with the position of British ambassador at Washington.

The matter had been brought to the attention of the prime minister, he said, and the following cable had been received from Sir Robert: "You are authorized to state publicly that I am not considering the position of British ambassador at Washington and it is my intention to return to Canada and resume my duties as prime minister as soon as my work with the conference will permit."

Serious Reverse for Reds

London. — Reuters learns in messages from Omsk, Russia, that General Klockhak's army pierced the enemy's front on a thirty mile breadth on March 11, and advanced nearly forty miles along the right bank of the Kama river between the already captured towns of Okhansk and Ossa. The red army is being pursued in three directions, abandoning large quantities of war stores. A large number of men were taken prisoner and three Bolshevik regiments were annihilated. The enemy's situation is precarious.

Spirit of the Times

London. — The allegorical figure of Columbia, representing the United States, is to supplant that of Germania and clasp the hand of Britannia in the decoration of the British foreign office in Downing street.

Germany Must Accept Terms

Allies Expect to Be Bluffed Until Last Minute

Coblentz. — As the time for presenting the peace terms to Germany approaches the important question arises as to what attitude Germany will take. Is the present German government sufficiently stable to carry out the enforced terms of peace? Whether Germany will accept the terms regardless of their severity is not considered a question open to discussion. Germany will be obliged to accept though no one doubts but that she will haggle and bluff until the last minute just as she did in the armistice negotiations when Marshal Foch pulled out his watch and said: "Gentlemen, my train leaves in five minutes and if the agreement is not signed before that time the war will continue." It is expected that the same tactics will be followed when the peace terms are presented to the so-called central powers.

Ex-kaiser's Uneasiness

Geneva. — Former Emperor Wilhelm of Germany, alarmed by the receipt of threatening letters intends to leave Holland and seek refuge in Switzerland according to the newspaper La Suisse. Swiss newspapers are printing many advertisements inserted by members of German and Austrian nobility seeking houses in this country at moderate prices.

Mons Welcomes Canadians

Paris. — The municipal council of Mons gave an official reception to General Loomis, officer commanding the Third Canadian Division, which formed part of the first army which liberated Mons on November 11.

The German Whine Over Peace Terms

Labrador's Coast Swept by Disease

Epidemic Raged Four Months, Wiping Out Whole Settlements

Montreal. — The Montreal Star publishes the following: "St. Johns, Newfoundland, March 26.—By mail to Battle Harbor and wireless to this city, comes intelligence of shocking conditions in northern Labrador, as a result of influenza, smallpox and measles, which swept the coast during the winter. Earlier in the season reports of deaths on the southern section of the coast showed that over 25 per cent. of the natives died."

"From Gross Water Bay to Naine the epidemic raged for four months, carrying off approximately 50 per cent. of the inhabitants on that area of the coast. At Naine, 40 Newfoundlanders who wintered on the coast for trade purposes, died, and over 40 Esquimaux also died, which represents practically the whole population of that settlement. Okak, with a population of over 200, is entirely wiped out. At Hebron 200 died, leaving only a remnant of residents at that station to dispose of the bodies. At the latter place the survivors dug a pit, into which they threw them without shroud, coffin or burial rites, about 100 being disposed of in that manner. On the island in the vicinity of Okak, 15 people who resided there for sealing, died."

"Many outposts which are invariably connected with the central mail posts, failed to report, and the conclusion is that the whole population of these places have succumbed to the disease."

"It is estimated that only 400 inhabitants from Gross Water Bay to Naine are left alive. The full extent of the calamity will not be known until the opening of navigation in the coming summer, but well grounded fears are expressed that the diseases which ravaged the south and centre area of the Labrador coast extended north, and that the most appalling conditions will be disclosed when the ice barrier permits investigation. Medical aid was unobtainable, and the unfortunate stricken people perished, as if by the plague."

Hungary's Revolutionary Army

Will Be Armed and Fed at Expense of State

Basle. — The new Hungarian government has begun re-organization of a revolutionary army, to be recruited from the organized proletariat and the soldiers and workmen now mobilized. The chief of the Red army, reports received from Budapest say, is the advisor of the revolutionary government, but control of the conduct and organization of the army will be in the hands of the people's commissary for military affairs. The soldiers will receive 450 crowns monthly and will be well equipped, armed and fed at the expense of the state. Two or more soldiers to the same family will get an extra allowance of fifty crowns a month, and those who have dependents will get extra pay of 300 crowns every six months.

The normal value of the Austrian crown before the war was 20.3 cents.

Food Scarce in Barcelona

Washington. — Advices from Madrid to the state department said conditions in that city were quiet, but that at Barcelona many arrests had been made by the military authorities because of refusal on the part of the civilians to obey orders. The army has commandeered private automobiles, many shops are closed, food is becoming scarce and great anxiety is felt in that city.

Welmarr. — Speaking in the national assembly, Philipp Schiedemann the German chancellor, said semi and non-official reports were increasing that fresh aggravations in the peace conditions are expected to be announced; that unprecedented sums in compensation are to be imposed; that wide stretches of purely German territory are to be taken and that crushing restrictions are to be imposed in financial and military matters.

"Assuredly a large part of these alleged conditions are invented," the chancellor continued, "so that by repetition, they will accustom us to these unheard of demands and the final conditions may seem almost bearable to us. They are invented in order to create an atmosphere which will suffocate protest even against a peace of violence. Our peoples, which were ill-treated by the armistice more cruelly than by the war, recognize this method. A cry, not of a Chauvinist nature, but of the deepest despair which appeals to the highest there is—to the conference of humanity—is going up throughout Germany."

Herr Scheidemann said the protests against the alleged conditions were due to patriotic fears. The government knew this loyalty to the empire was one of the most valuable possessions entrusted to its control and would not permit it to be entrenched upon at home or abroad. The chancellor appealed to the people to stand together, adding:

"The so-called radicals of the left have no right to protest against a period of oppression for we are responsible under the treaties of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest."

Declaring that Great Britain had rejected a proposal to establish an international tribunal to investigate responsibility for the war, Herr Scheidemann said:

"Even if Germany were responsible for all the crimes she is accused of, has she thereby lost the right to protest against fetters which will throttle her?"

"Spa was worse than Brest-Litovsk because Spa shows that it learned nothing from Brest-Litovsk."

Hungary is Warned

Mere Socialistic Government Will Not Satisfy Autocrat of Red Russia

Copenhagen. — Premier Lenine, of the Russian Soviet government, has sent a wireless dispatch to Bela Kun, the Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, asking for guarantees that the new Hungarian government is really communistic and not merely socialistic. Lenine warns Kun against imitating "our Russian tactics in detail."

In his message, Lenine says: "Owing to the peculiar circumstances, I am quite certain it would be a mistake for the Hungarian revolution to imitate our Russian tactics in detail. I must warn you against this mistake."

Vote to Keep Rhine Territory

Meetings of Protest in Germany Against "Enslaving Peace"

Paris. — The Prussian national assembly has voted unanimously against the relinquishment by Germany of any of the Rhine territory, especially the Saar basin, according to German dispatches reaching here. The advices also tell of meetings of protest multiplying in all parts of Germany against what is called an "enslaving peace." According to the Zurich correspondent of the journal these manifestations are being organized by the government through Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the foreign secretary.

War Shows Financial Strength of Britain

Paris. — Persistent rumors that all Europe is on the verge of a financial collapse are not justified by the facts, a prominent United States financial expert, who has been engaged for many months in studying the problems facing the peace conference, said in a statement recently.

Conditions were serious, he added, but not panicky, and will doubtless be relieved greatly when peace is signed and the embargoes lifted. He predicted that England will be stronger within a year than ever before because of her unusual commercial enterprise and the courage with which she meets her debts by taxation.

Great Britain, with a war debt of \$40,000,000,000, the financier added, is in a situation comparing favorably with her debt and per capita wealth at the conclusion of the Napoleonic wars. The allies owe Great Britain between \$9,000,000,000 and \$10,000,000,000. The financier stated that only about four billions of the twenty billions of dollars invested abroad by Englishmen before the war had been disposed of.

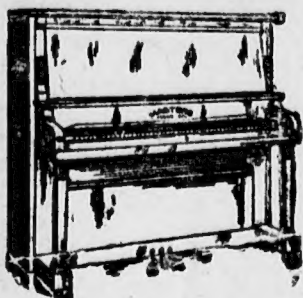
Capital and Reserve, \$8,600,000
Total Assets, Nov. 30th, 1918, over \$153,000,000

You Hope To Retire

You do not expect to work hard all your life, but what real plans have you made to save enough to retire on? One thing essential is a savings account. We will be glad to open one for you as the first step to your future independence.

UNION BANK OF CANADA
THE PIONEER BANK OF WESTERN CANADA
HEAD OFFICE WINNIPEG, MAN.

CLUNY BRANCH, F. B. STEPHENS, Manager.
STANDARD BRANCH, T. L. FERGUSON, Mgr.



Mrs. A. O. ONSTAD

Gleichen. Agent for
Alberta Piano Co.

Masters-Clinton
and
Bell Pianos

Call and see sample. Two
doors west Call block



Do You Know
That the quality in coal is of
vastly greater importance
than the price asked?

GALT COAL

Is free from slag and care-
fully screened, it gives the
maximum of heat with the
minimum of fuel and burns
bright and clean down to the
ashes. How much shall we
send you?

Baled Hay, Green Feed, Oils

BROWN'S TRANSFER

Draying. Phone 37.

Just Arrived

Carload of well ground barley 'chop
at \$48 per ton

Car of double screened lump coal at
\$8.50 per ton

Feed oats at 85c. per bushel. Also
carload of oats that tested 90 per cent
in 10 days, uncleaned at 95c. per bushel

Good supply of timothy, alfalfa and up-
land hay always on hand
Office phone 44. Residence phone 117

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We have the most modern machinery with
which we repair harness, saddles, shoes, auto
tops, curtains and cushions, tents, travelling
cases and bags.
If it needs sewing we can sew it.

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Gleichen - - - Alta.

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at 10c. per line.

Exchange Must be added to Checks

THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1919

The Alberta People Must Help Alberta

No other province in the Dominion
is more vitally concerned in the
future of the agricultural and live-
stock industry and their allied inter-
ests than is Alberta. This province is
absolutely dependent on these indus-
tries for its commercial existence. It
is true that there are many large
distributing establishments in Alber-
ta and many big stores, but these
could not possibly last unless there
was a buying power to keep them
going. If Alberta lacks purchasing
power, ruin is inevitable, and Alberta
will surely lack purchasing power if
she lacks markets and credit facili-
ties. Now, the markets can be secur-
ed if Canada will supply her own
credits. This much the federal gov-
ernment can assure. How are the
credits to be secured? The only an-
swer is: "By financing from within."
This means that we must use our own
money to place our wheat and other
foodstuffs and products in the con-
suming market. How can we do it?
The easiest means is that offered by
War Savings and Thrift Stamps. Let
every Canadian, man, woman and
child, get into this thrift movement
with 100 per cent. energy, and there
need be no apprehension about mar-
keting Alberta's crop nor about the
extension of industries, the employ-
ment of returned and other men, the
paying of pensions and the provision
for disabled soldiers. Thrift stamps
at 25 cents, and War Savings Stamps
at \$4.00, bearing interest at the rate
of 4 1/2 per cent. compound, is an at-
tractive and profitable method of
raising a national fund, but it is a
matter for all, not for a handful of
persons. Everyone, old enough to
know the value of a quarter, is need-
ed—and let it be strongly emphasized,
the need is urgent.

Thrift in Canada inevitably means
agricultural, industrial and trade ex-
pansion—jobs for everyone, good
wages, and adequate monetary com-
pensation to widows and other de-
pendents of soldiers who made the
supreme sacrifice, and for maimed
soldiers. Everyone can be thrifty by
investing in Thrift and War Savings
Stamps.

Canadian Exports

From 1914 to 1917 the export trade
of Canada increased nearly five-fold.
In 1914 the total value of the exports
of the Dominion amounted to \$381,-
295,854. In 1917 they reached \$1,547,-
430. During these four years the ex-
ports of all kinds of products increas-
ed, the most notable being animal
produce, which jumped from \$62,216,-
972 in 1914, to \$170,561,884 in 1917;
agricultural produce, from \$129,122,-
783 in 1914 to \$531,300,259 in 1917, and
manufactures, from \$69,151,924 in
1914 to \$692,521,692 in 1917.

The total value of the exports from
Canada in 1918 amounted to \$1,229,-
708,244, or about \$320,000,000 less than
the previous year's value. The de-
crease was due to a falling off in
manufactured products, chiefly munitions,
owing to the termination of the
war, and in agricultural products ex-
ported as compared with 1918.

With regards to exports of agricul-
tural products in 1918, there is still
warehoused in Canada, and available
for export, a substantial surplus, the
bulk of which is in the form of wheat
and flour. During the period of the
war and up to the present time the
Allied governments have taken a
large proportion of the wheat and
flour produced in the Dominion. At
present her chief customer, Great
Britain, owing to her having a con-
siderable stock on hand, has placed an
embargo on imports of these prod-
ucts, and as the Canadian government
fixed the minimum price of wheat
produced in the crop season of 1918
at \$2.24 per bushel, it will be respon-
sible to the holders of the crop for
obtaining the price. To meet the situ-
ation which has arisen, the govern-
ment has given a guarantee to all
dealers in grain and to the banks that
in the event of the overseas Allied
governments not arranging to pur-
chase this wheat, they will pay for it
at the fixed price. It is anticipated,
however, that purchases will shortly
be resumed by the Allies and the

surplus thereby absorbed.

During the year there has been a
substantial increase in exports to
Australia, British South Africa, the
British West Indies, Newfoundland,
Japan and the United States, and in
imports from the British West In-
dies and Australia. The trade re-
turns also indicate a general improve-
ment in the foreign markets for
Canadian products. Canada's foreign
trade showed a balance of \$322,760,-
000 in her favor for the calendar year
1918, and of \$1,563,936,000 for the
four-year period 1915-18.

In the United States the retail
stores have helped greatly in the war
savings stamp campaign. A report
recently issued shows that \$2,589,051
worth of stamps have been sold by the
department and retail stores of New
York city, 1,800 of which placed their
services at the disposal of the war
savings committee. R. H. Macey &
Co. led with sales totalling \$539,769,
John Wannamaker's came second
with \$174,536. The retail
stores in Canada may also render a
very valuable service in this way, and
some have already rendered it. In
St. John, N.B., 205 stores are selling
these stamps and in London, Ont.,
over 200.

\$5 Reward

Will be paid for information
which leads to the recovery
of animals bearing any of the
following brands:

- CATTLE
- Left ribs
- Left ribs
- Left ribs
- Left hip
- Left thigh
- Left ribs
- HORSES
- Left thigh
- Left thigh

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Gleichen - Alta

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Manhattan Eye, Ear, Nose and
Throat Hospital, New York City.

Specialist to Calgary School Board

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Irrigation makes the farmer independent
of rainfall, and in sure good crops, not
occasionally, but every year.

Irrigation makes possible the successful
culture of alfalfa, the king of fodders, which
insures good returns in dairying and mixed
farming.

Irrigation means intensive farming and close
settlement with all the advantages of a densely
populated agricultural community

Irrigation in the Canadian Pacific Railway
Irrigation Block is no longer an experiment,
the years that it has been tried having abso-
lutely demonstrated its success wherever in
telligently applied.

This is the most liberal offer of irrigated farm land on record. For full particulars apply to

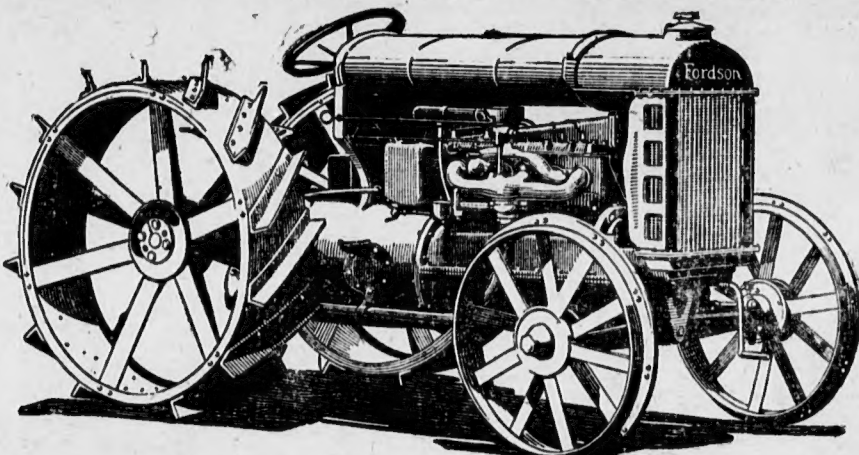
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Canadian Pacific Railway, Dept. of Natural Resources, 928 1st. St. E.
CALGARY, ALBERTA

You can buy irrigated land from the Can-
adian Pacific Railway at prices up to \$50
per acre, with 20 years to pay and the priv-
ilege of a loan of \$2,000 for improvements
(6% interest): no principle after first pay-
ment until end of fourth year, reduced in-
terest if settlement conditions are complied
and no water rental for first year. Contract
can be paid off before maturity if desired.

Several High Chairs and Commodes Left at \$1.00 Each

See GEO. W. EVANS

Now is The Time to Order Your Fordson Tractor



We handle: Fordson Tractor. Oliver No. 7 plow,
Ford one ton truck. New Ford touring and runabout
cars. We also have some good bargains in used cars
come in and look them over. A stock of genuine Ford
parts on hand. Ford repair work a specialty. Prices
reasonable and all work guaranteed. Ford Garage.

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T. H. Beach Auctioneer

Sales Conducted any
place in the Province

For terms enquire at Gleichen Harness
Store. Office phone 3, residence phone

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BLIND CREEK, ALTA

Owners of horses branded H2 left
thigh, 2H left thigh, 2 left thigh and
left shoulder. Cattle branded H2
left ribs or left hip or both left ribs
and left hip. 101 left hip —left
ribs.

We have been authorized to OFFER

Section 15,
Township 22,
Range 22, W. 4th,
The Capt. Ward place,

FOR SALE

Henderson & Mallory

Gleichen, Alberta

Lloyd George Faces Critical Situation

Paris. — La Homme Libre, discussing the appeal of President Wilson, Premier Clemenceau and President Orlando to Premier Lloyd George, that he remain in Paris until the chief questions connected with peace should be settled, emphasizes that the critical situation in Great Britain arising from labor troubles which the British premier is facing, is sufficient to explain his impatience to return to London. The newspaper adds that Lloyd George is confronted to a greater extent than any other government head with the duty of establishing peace and serving the interests of the working classes.

"On the morrow of the great European conflict and the eve of a new era, which imperatively demand close national unity," L'Homme Libre says, "Great Britain is in the throes of internal dissensions. Mr. Lloyd George is as anxious to conclude peace rapidly as he is to preserve concord among the people of Great Britain. Both of these aims are inseparably linked."

Would Like Blockade Raised

Is of No Value to British Government

London. — In the house of commons Sir Frederick Banbury, privy councillor, warned the government that a continuance of the present financial methods meant, eventually, national bankruptcy. Other speakers complained that control of exports permitted the United States to step in and capture British trade abroad. J. Austen Chamberlain, chancellor of the exchequer, replying to criticisms, said that the government was trying to abolish control as quickly as was safe. The export of cotton goods was free to every part of the world, except the blockade countries, he declared, and in this case restrictions were maintained for reasons of inter-allied policy. The house, he believed, would hardly assume responsibility for acting in opposition to Great Britain's allies.

Mr. Chamberlain said he was advised that it was not a fact that Americans were sending goods where British goods were not admitted. What the United States had done was to book orders and give long credits for goods to be delivered when the blockade was raised. It was open to British manufacturers to do the same.

The sooner the blockade could be raised, he said, the better the government would be pleased, and it would gratify the government if Germany could draw some of her supply through neutral countries.

First Division Sails in April

Ottawa. — The militia department is in receipt of advice by cable that the movement of the first division is already under way. The 14th battalion and the headquarters of the 2nd brigade arrived in England on the 17th instant, and troops of the first division are being moved to England at the rate of 1,000 a day. It is expected that embarkation of this division for Canada will begin during the first week in April.

Paris. — The Hungarian government has refused to obey the entente's demand for the surrender of merchant shipping, according to a Budapest despatch to the Journal des Debats. The Hungarians take the ground that acquiescence would mean the end of the Danube traffic.

Force Along Rhine Must Be Retained

London. — During debate in committee of the house of commons on the military service bill, Winston Churchill, minister of war, opposing the amendments limiting the operation of the bill to December 31, 1919, instead of April 30, 1920, emphasized the fact that the British regular army had virtually disappeared and that it was necessary to keep men whom the bill retained with the colors for overseas garrisons.

Mr. Churchill said he had every hope, however, that the British foreign establishment would be on a voluntary basis before the end of the year.

The army of occupation, he added, was on a different plane and could not depend on voluntary recruiting. It was impossible, he said, to assert how long it would be necessary to have a British army on the Rhine in

Ships Sail for Food

London. — Eight German steamers, including the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Cleveland, Graf Waldersee and Pretoria, sailed from Hamburg for foodstuffs, according to advices from Berlin. It is said that the crews of the ships made a formal demand that they should not be removed from the vessels during the trip.

Discontent in Germany

Confidence in Government Is Being Rapidly Undermined

Paris. — A dispatch from the U.S. legation at Copenhagen, dated Mar. 11, and addressed to the American commission to negotiate peace, tells of the situation in Berlin in part as follows:

"The American military attaché's agent has reported that the strikes which took place recently, were primarily due to lack of work and food but also partly to discontent brought about by delay by the government in socialistic action.

"The agent said that reports of bloodshed in Berlin were exaggerated. Hope of assistance from the allies and the United States is dwindling. The result is reaction. Confidence in the government at present is being undermined rapidly, and there is a tendency on the part of the people more and more to drift toward the left.

The military attaché's agent made the statement that a further revolution, which would result in the present government's downfall, will result unless there is a betterment of food deficiencies and industrial conditions within six weeks at the latest. Only the immediate shipment of raw materials and food to Germany, with the assurance that more will follow, will save the situation and prevent revolution and disaster, the extent of which it is impossible to foresee."

Fatal Riots at Cairo

Government Warns People Against Interfering With Utilities

London. — In the recent fighting at Cairo, Egypt, which was said to be due to the nationalist agitation, six persons were killed and 31 others wounded, according to a Cairo dispatch.

At Tanta on the Nile, 75 miles above Alexandria, where rioting also occurred, there were 11 killed and 51 wounded.

The message, which was filed on March 13, stated that order had been restored, and that the troops were able to cope with the situation. The government had warned all persons to refrain from interfering with the railways or telegraphs or telephone under penalty of being shot under martial law.

Visitors to Germany Require Permit

Berlin. — Because of the great number of military and civil entente missions which have visited Germany since November, the German cabinet has decided, according to the Kreuz Zeitung, that no persons from an allied country will henceforth be permitted to travel in Germany without special permission from the armistice commission.

Death of Hon. W. J. Hanna

Late Food Controller and Standard Oil Man Died in Augusta, Ga.

Toronto. — News has been received here that the Hon. W. J. Hanna, head of the Canadian end of the Standard Oil company, former food controller for Canada, and one time provincial secretary of Ontario, has died in Augusta, Georgia. He went there accompanied by his physician some time ago. Death followed a stroke.

William John Hanna was born of Irish origin in Adelaide township, Middlesex county, Ont., in October, 1862. He was admitted to the bar in 1890, became a King's counsel in 1908, and was early known as a very successful company or corporation lawyer. He unsuccessfully contested West Lambton, Ont., for the house of commons in 1900, but was elected to the Ontario legislature for the same constituency in 1902, and represented it in the local house till 1916 when he resigned his seat. He was provincial secretary from 1905 to 1916.

In 1916, Mr. Hanna was appointed food controller for the Dominion which position he held for about a year when he resigned to become the president of the Imperial Oil companies, the Canadian end of the Standard Oil concern, with which he had long been identified. Mr. Hanna was a Methodist and a Conservative. He married first Miss Jean Neil, and secondly, Miss Maud McAdams, who survives. Their only son was killed accidentally in Italy a few days after the signing of the armistice. He was a member of the Royal Air Force.

Borden May Be Ambassador

Paris. — Reuter's Limited, understands that the offer of the British ambassadorship at Washington to Sir Robert Borden, the Canadian premier, is still open. Sir Robert has not yet made a decision, but it is said it is by no means improbable that he will accept.

Polish Situation Pitiful

Lemberg Defended by Women, Children and Boy Scouts

Chicago. — In a letter received by John F. Smulski, president of the National Polish department, Madame Paderewski, wife of the pianist and premier of Poland, described conditions in Poland as "pitiful," and said the Polish army was hungry and without clothes in zero weather, and lacked arms. The letter was dated January 28.

The city of Lemberg was without light, water, food, arms or ammunition, but was constantly bombarded, Mme. Paderewski wrote. "It is defended by women, children and boy scouts," she added, and declared, "our enemies commit the most horrible atrocities."

"Some of the women taken prisoners were impaled on pickets," she wrote. "So were also six nuns who were then removed and hurled in a heap and left to die slowly. Boy scouts were taken and tied together, three or four at a time, with barbed wire and then buried alive."

Continuing, the premier's wife asserted the Bolsheviks were burning, beheading or freezing Poles to death along the border; in Cieszyn the Czechs were killing and hanging, and "the German army is advancing on Posen. We are in a trap. I must hold my heart with both hands for fear it will burst with pain," the letter concluded.

Invite British Fleet

Washington. — Navy department officials state that Secretary Daniels during his trip abroad probably would invite the British fleet to New York for a visit during the coming summer.

Such an invitation was extended informally by Assistant Secretary Roosevelt when he was in England just before the signing of the armistice.

German Parties Disagree

Independents Make Demand for Relaxation of Government Rule

Berlin. — That the majority and independent socialist parties are irreconcilably split, is the common expression in political circles resulting from a speech by Wolfgang Heine, in the Prussian diet, made in reply to the demand of the independents for a repeal of martial law in Berlin.

Following closely upon Minister of Defence Noske's castigation of the independents at Weimar, Herr Heine who is Prussian minister of justice, and one of the majority leaders, presented a scathing indictment of the faction of Hugo Haase, the independent leader, in which he reviewed the intimate co-operation existing between the independent and the Spartacists from the first day of the revolution.

Herr Heine told the independents that they were more concerned about Russia than about the welfare of Germany and said that it was not the Russian steam roller that brought about Germany's defeat, but Bolshevik infection and corruption paid with stolen Russian funds.

Herr Heine also held the independents responsible for the Spartan activities of the fugitive police head, Eichhorn, and for the lawlessness of George Ledebour's marines, and charged that they precipitated the recent general strike without the slightest justification.

U.S. Senator Asked to Resign

Jefferson City, Mo. — James A. Reed, United States senator from Missouri was called upon to resign his seat in the senate in resolutions adopted here by a conference of fifty of the sixty-seven democratic members of the house.

The action was taken, conference leaders announced, as a result of Senator Reed's address to the legislature in which he attacked the proposed league of nations.



GET AFTER THOSE DOLLARS

Our town should get all of the trade in our trade area. We can't worry about our neighboring town's business. We have enough to do to take care of our own. But we should get all of our own. How about these dollars that are getting away from us? How about the dollars that are slipping through our fingers? We have the goods. We have the values. Our prices are right. And yet there is a lot of money slipping away from us constantly. The best way to get after this money is to tell the truth about the man or the system that is taking it away. Join the Trade-at-Home campaign.

Prefer to Become Outlaws

Hun President Says Unjust Peace Cannot Be Signed

Berlin. — "Germany is prepared to sign peace but is not prepared to commit harikari." The Falstaffian figure of Fritz Ebert, president of the new German republic, straightened in the chair and with a sonorous voice he continued: "If the peace terms mean suicide they will not be signed. Rather than political and economical death Germany will choose political and economical madness. If the entente offers us instead of a peace based on Mr. Wilson's fourteen points only a knife with which to commit harikari Germany goes Bolshevik, Germany joins the Russian soviet republic and Germany becomes an outlaw nation."

Referendum in Luxembourg

London. — The Luxembourg chamber of deputies passed a bill on March 18 by a vote of 30 to 20, calling for a plebiscite to decide whether the present dynasty will be maintained, a new dynasty created or a republic established, according to dispatches received here.

Officials Incompetent

Soldiers at Rhyll Camp Not Blamed For Revolt

Halifax. — Lieut.-Col. Pratt, O.C. the 133rd battalion and member of the Ontario legislature for Norfolk County, who returned to Canada on the Celtic, in an interview published in the Daily Echo, attributes the unrest of Canadian soldiers in Rhyll camp to the incompetency and unpreparedness of the department of militia, which, judging by results at the time the armistice was signed he said, was absolutely without any plan for the repatriation of Canadian soldiers.

"Argyll House is full of incompetents and dubs," said Lieut.-Col. Pratt. "There are many officers there who have wrangled their way through the war praying to God that the war would last another year so that they would be able to hang on to their jobs."

"I have spoken to 102 officers on board the Celtic and every one of

them has told me that they do not blame the soldiers at Rhyll camp for the action they had taken."

Must Suspend Hostilities

Paris. — Marshal Foch and other generals were called in during a prolonged session of the supreme council to give their advice as to action which should be taken in Galicia, where Ukrainian forces are besieging Lemberg, which is threatened from three sides. It was decided that a sharp warning should be sent to both sides asking for a suspension of hostilities. The warning will take the form of an injunction to the two armies.

Restrict Liquor in West Africa

London. — The government has prohibited the importation of all spirits into the British West African colonies, except under license, which will not be granted for the importation of so-called "trade spirits," it was announced. This decision was taken as a preliminary measure, pending decision on the question of the permanent prohibition of the spirit trade in West Africa.

Hun War Indemnity Has Been Reduced

Offered Baltic Crown

Washington. — Arrival of a British squadron at Libau with a British commission having military and political power to open relations with the Lettish government was announced in official despatches quoting the Lettish press bureau. Prince Adolf Friedrich of Mecklenburg, is reported to have been offered the Baltic royal crown.

Defends Ex-Kaiser

Von Hindenburg Makes Excuses for Flight Into Holland

Berlin. — Aroused by recent criticisms of former Emperor William regarding his flight from Germany to Holland last fall, Field Marshal von Hindenburg has prepared and published here a defence of the ex-ruler's action.

After depicting the situation as it existed in November, caused by the weakening of the army, the doubtful reliability of the forces in the field, and the breaking out of the revolution at home, the field marshal writes: "The peaceful return home of the emperor then became impossible. It could only have been carried out through the forceful employment of loyal troops and civil war would have been added to the hostilities with the enemy."

"The emperor could have betaken himself to the fighting troops in order to meet death at their head in a last attack on the enemy, but the armistice so keenly desired by the people would thereby have been postponed and the lives of many soldiers uselessly sacrificed. The emperor finally, in agreement with his advisors, and after a severe mental struggle, decided to leave the country, solely in the hope that he could thereby best serve the fatherland, save Germany from further losses, distress and misery, and restore peace and order to Germany."

Mounted Police at Swift Current

Swift Current, Sask. — Swift Current is to be headquarters for a division of the reorganized Royal North West Mounted Police force. The local detachment will be in charge of Staff-Sergeant Baxter, an officer well and favorably known in this section, where he had served with the Mounties for several years previous to going overseas. Sergt. Baxter is at present in the city, awaiting instructions, having just arrived from France. The strength of the force to be stationed here has not yet been given out.

Liquor Men to Test Prohibition

New York. — The committee of distillers of the United States, representing the entire distilling industry, announced that steps were being taken to attack the constitutionality of the federal prohibition amendment and the war time prohibition act.

Depopulated Reims

Paris. — The population of Reims, which was 117,178 before the war, is now 8,453, according to a census just completed by the government. Of this number 3,987 are men, 3,253 women and 1,813 children. Five hundred children attend school in the ruined city.

Paris. — David Lloyd George, the British prime minister; M. Clemenceau, the French premier and President Wilson are holding a series of meetings for the adjustment of differences between them.

The differences constitute some of the larger questions pending now—reparations for war losses and the Franco-German frontier. These questions, for the moment, have assumed paramount importance, taking place even ahead of the league of nations, for while the work of the commission revising the covenant is proceeding rapidly, much difficulty is being met in reaching agreements in reparation and frontiers.

The chief issue of the question on reparations is not what Germany should pay, but what she can pay. The commissions have studied the subject, having gradually reduced the claims to a total of about \$40,000,000,000.

Premier Lloyd George told the British journalists that he had decided to remain in Paris until the peace treaty was signed. He expressed the opinion that one of the reasons for the present labor difficulties in England was the fact that the treaty had not been completed, which led to a feeling of disquiet in the country. He said he was "unable to imagine that Labor leaders would resort to force at the present moment."

Col. E. M. House, of the United States delegation to the peace conference, told British newspapermen that he was convinced that the peace treaty, including the league of nations covenant, would be ready for signature on March 29, and added that he would be "disappointed if the Germans were not at Versailles three weeks hence."

Famous Battalion Disbanded

Men of Princess Patricia's Have Received Discharge

Ottawa. — The famous Princess Patricia's Canadian light infantry, Canadian expeditionary force, is no more. Demobilization has been completed, the last man being discharged and the unit disbanded. It is considered the demobilization constitutes a record for speed.

There was a touching scene as Lieut. Col. A. Hamilton Gault, organizer of the unit, bade the men farewell.

Many of the men have left for their homes, those living at a distance being provided with first class sleeper accommodation and tickets, in addition to generous allowance for meals en route. Toronto and western men were among those who have left.

Bolsheviks are Mobbed

Washington. — Dispatches received at the state department from Sweden, said social revolutionists in Petrograd and Moscow had been active against the Bolsheviks, and that rioting in the streets had occurred.

A Bolshevik commissioner who attempted to address one meeting of social revolutionists was mobbed.

According to these advices, all roads leading into Petrograd were closed to passenger traffic on March 15.

Allenby in Paris

Paris. — Gen. F. H. Allenby, commander of the British forces in Palestine, has arrived here from Egypt to advise the supreme council on near eastern questions.

Japanese Would Assert Their Rights

Paris. — A Japanese amendment to the covenant of the league of nations, providing that the contracting parties shall agree to grant "equal and just treatment" to all aliens within their borders who are nationals of states that are members of the league, will be submitted to the supreme council, it is learned by Reuter's from Japanese sources.

The standpoint of the Japanese is that all citizens of nations deemed sufficiently advanced to become members of the league should have equal rights when travelling or living in foreign countries, it is said.

The Dominion delegates heartily concur in the view of the British delegation that the question of the equality of treatment of all nationalities throughout the world, is not a matter for the league of nations. A prominent Australian expressed the opinion that the commonwealth was not prejudiced against the Japanese, but had a great admiration for them. Nevertheless, Australians believed that it would be better for the future of the world if each race should develop along its own distinctive lines.

The chief consideration was the industrial one. Australia aimed at building up in the most rapid manner an all British population of over 15,000,000. Australia's chief attraction was its high wages and pleasant industrial conditions. The Asiatic worker, as known in Australia, was a cheap worker, therefore, if they opened the doors to Asiatic immigration, they automatically closed it to Europeans.

A Canadian delegate stated the question of immigration must be settled individually by each country. Canada hitherto had no complaint regarding Japanese in Canada. Their immigration was limited and only a few hundred were admitted yearly.

"The Pride of the Home"

The White Rotary Sewing Machine Vibrating Shuttle

A strikingly beautiful Rolled Edge Renaissance design, full Drop Cabinet Machine, one of the most attractive styles made. Beautifully finished, in Fumed or Golden oak quarter sawed, fitted with ball bearings, automatic lift, nickel plated hand wheel, belt gripping device, two quaint little receptacles on inside of door, and a complete set of the latest style steel attachments.

McKAY HARDWARE CO.

Storage Batteries at Nearly Cost

For a short time only I can sell 6 Volt Batteries suitable for the following cars:

OHEVOLET,
DORT,
and SAXON.

For \$30.00, Regular \$40.00.

TWELVE VOLT BATTERIES:

Dodge and Maxwell,

For \$43.00, Regular \$58.00

Walsh Tire and Repair Works
One Door South of Ford Garage

Crown Lumber Company, Ltd.

A Safe Place To Trade.

We Lead others Follow

C. B. Hyndman

AGENT,

GLEICHEN, Phone 11 and 36

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The following information is required by the Soldiers Listing Committee:

- 1 Name and initials of Soldier.....
 - 2 Rank.....
 - 3 Decorations, if any.....
 - 4 Killed or Died.....
 - 5 If wounded during war.....
 - 6 If at any time prisoner of war.....
 - 7 If been Overseas.....
 - 8 If still in Canada.....
 - 9 Name and address of Informant.....
 - 10 Date of Enlistment.....19...
- Write in print letters and return at once to The Gleichen Call.

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Notices under this heading 15 words or under 50c for one issue and 3 issues for \$1. Over 15 words one cent a word charged for each insertion.

Horses and Cattle lost and found, for sale and wanted; Seed Grain for sale and wanted; Land to sell, rent or buy, and any other of a similar nature will get quick results by being published under this heading.

Brand reading notices \$1.50 for each animal, three insertions. Over 15 words 1 cent per word extra each issue.

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In order to insure publication CASH MUST accompany each notice.

WANTED—Hatching eggs, Bar red Rocks or R. I. Reds. E. Edwards, Post Office. 2

GALLOWAY CATTLE—The breed naturally adapted to the North West. At the Calgary Bull Sale, I am offering six choice bred registered bulls 18 to 22 months old; they will be sold on Tuesday Morning April 8th at 9.30 a.m. H. Wooster, Namaka. 2

LOST—1 black muley heifer 3 years old branded X—H on right ribs and JC blotched on right shoulder. 1 black muley heifer 3 years old Zq—branded on the left ribs and JO blotched on right shoulder. \$5 reward for information leading to recovery of each of the above animals. Also 1 bay saddle horse branded TS on left shoulder about 8 years old and weighing about 1100 lbs. bar above 23 is very faint. Jos. Van Tigheim, Strathmore, Alta. 5

STRAYED—To my place a 4 year old red steer branded 68 on left ribs, on right shoulder. 4

E. A. Wagner, Standard.

WANTED—Job on farm experience with gas engine. For information write A. W. Sufeldt, Pellockville, Alta. 1

FOR SALE—2 milk cows expected fresh in a couple of weeks. Apply to S. Samson 3 miles east and 3 miles north of Cluny. 1tf

WANTED—Old false teeth, don't matter if broken. I pay \$2.50 \$15 per set. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. F. Teri, 403 N. Wolfe St. Baltimore, Md. 3

MILK—For sale also cream. Delivered any place in town. Mrs. I. Richardson, Gleichen. 1tf

WANTED—Western rye grass seed M B Scott, Blind Creek. 1tf

WANTED—4 Plymouth Rock roosters. Apply to Chris. Bartsch. 1tf

HAVE \$500—to invest in crop on shares. Would also like counter-proposition that if not fully re-imbursement for the money invested in this years crop that would have a right to invest in next year's crop. Please state terms for each proposition. T. M. Hamblin, Corona Hotel, Medicine Hat. 2

FOR SALE—Victory Seed Oats, Germination 96 per cent. \$1.00 per bushel. J. E. Nicholas, Gleichen. 2

\$5 REWARD—Is offered for the recovery of cattle branded with DH on left rib. Mrs. J. E. Chandler, Nanton, Alta. 11

FOR SALE—40 h.p. Catalac Automobile Tractor in first-class condition. Can pull two breaking plows. Also one all work kerosene tractor 12-24, good as new, done only 200 acres summer fallow and 25 acres breaking with 3-bottom LaCrosse plow. Will trade for horses or cattle. For a snap apply to Sergt. O. Samson, Cluny. 51tf

FOR SALE—Good strong second hand buggy. Apply to J. J. Robinson, Box 68, Gleichen. 3

COW—On my farm branded — 2P on right ribs also same brand on left ribs. Owner may have same by paying expenses. Gordon Muir. 40tf

FOR SALE—3 seeders, 20 run single disc, Massey-Harris, International and Cockshutt. 3 dies, 2 wagons, 1 oat box 120 bu. capacity. Peerless incubator and brooder, mower, sprayer and rasp, 2 milk cows, Ford radiator, 1 make-a-truck attachment for a Ford car, 6 empty water barrels 25 galvated iron tanks for hot water or compressed air, bench bite, building material for a house consisting of lime and wood shire, finishing lumber rough lumber, windows, doors and shingles. Apply to G. P. Muir. 49tf

ESTRAY—Team black geldings, — J branded on left jaw, weigh about 2,800. Black mule branded circle K Last seen near R. B. Haye's farm. Notify R108 or B. Payne. 47tf

\$5 REWARD—Each for information leading to recovery of cattle branded on right hip with 4H D. J. Beagle, Box 98 Gleichen. 32tf

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\$25 REWARD—For recovery of a
bay gelding, branded O7 on right
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Notice to School Districts

Desiring to Hold School Fairs Com-
mencing in the Spring of 1919.

The Department of Agriculture at Edmonton pur-
pose giving assistance in the organization, management
and financing of School Fairs through the School of
Agriculture at Claresholm. This notice has reference
to the territory in Southern Alberta extending from the
main line of the C.P.R. south to the boundary.

Briefly, the plan is that a committee of interested
citizens shall be organized at the centre at which it is
proposed to hold a fair, which committee will share with
Departments of Agriculture and Education the work and
expense of the fair. A group of from eight to twenty-
five schools convenient to the centre will be selected.
Garden seeds will be distributed through the committee
to the pupils of these schools. The pupils will plant the
seeds at home, care for the gardens during the summer
and in the fall, exhibit samples of the products at a fair.
Girls will receive receipts and instructions in connection
with the sewing and cooking that they will exhibit at
the fair. For further particulars apply to
R. J. STEPHEN, Principal
School of Agriculture, Claresholm, Alta.



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Long after paints of the ordinary kind need renewing, the smooth and brilliant surface given by B-H Paint will still be a delight to the eye.

Other "B-H" Products
We are proud to sell
For Interior Finishing
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B-H "Floorlustr" excellent for interior floors.
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Imperial Barn Paint.

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McKay Hardware Co., Gleichen

John Glambeck Ready to Go to Russia

Editor, Call:

My letter in the "Bassano Mail" in regard to the Russian situation has apparently stirred up quite a rumpus. The "Mail" editor went into spasms, while the "Call" editor claims he had to reprint same in order to satisfy the curiosity of my friends, and now comes Mr. Windspear, of Namaka, and tells us that this letter has made him very indignant.

Now, to all my friends and foes and to Mr. Windspear in particular, I will say, don't get excited or lose any sleep on my account for there is no danger. I have no intention of joining the Bolsheviks nor do I intend to advocate Bolshevism in Canada. For, while it often looks as though we had very little democracy here, we still have a democratic form of government and whenever conditions become oppressive to the people at large all we have to do is to go to the ballot box and vote our own chosen representatives into the government. The Soviet government in Russia is now being tried out and it is still too soon to express any decided opinion on it. No doubt many mistakes are being made, still it looks as though the workers and peasants think it is all right as they are ready to defend it with their lives.

But while this system of society seems to satisfy the Russians outside of the nobility it might not appeal to the Canadians. In fact, conditions here are so different that few if any people in Canada would favor its adoption at present.

But aside from all this, I like to see fair play done, even to Bolsheviks, and I cannot help protesting when I see, or at least it appears to me, that there exists a well organized propaganda in all the great newspapers, controlled by the money power, to misrepresent, abuse and lie about the doings of the Bolsheviks. As I have been interested to see how this new social system inaugurated in Russia would turn out I have tried from the beginning to find out the real truth by reading both sides. The trouble with Mr. Windspear, myself and a good many others is that none of us have been in Russia and observed conditions first hand. All the information we have is second-hand, that is, we must take the news published in the press and go by what those people tell us who have been over there.

Now, there is generally two sides to every question. We have the one side in the public or rather money-owned and domineered press, then we have the other side published in the labor and progressive press. The money-dominated press of the country have been unanimous in their abuse of the Bolsheviks, dishing up frightful, blood-curdling descriptions of the awful deeds perpetrated by the Bolsheviks. The labor and progressive press, on the other hand, while not all in favor of the Soviet system, claim that most of the despatches in the big papers are exaggerated or pure lies, and I have seen statements from a number of Englishmen and Americans who have spent the past two years in Russia or been there since the revolution doing relief work saying that all the despatches about horror, bloodshed and murder is pure fabrication and that the Bolsheviks are rapidly bringing order out of chaos.

Of course, we all know that there usually exists a mob element in all big cities who are only too willing to take a hand to plunder and murder when any country is stirred up by a revolution. It is quite possible that very bad things have been committed by this rabble, but one could hardly blame the Bolsheviks for that. Then again, the dispossessed nobility, monied aristocrats and the old military caste have started numerous counter revolutions in order to restore the old order of things and the new Soviet republic, in order to protect itself, has been compelled to take drastic measures against these people. But any other kind of government would have done the same.

Mr. Rhys Williams, a great lecturer and former minister of the Congressional church in Boston, who returned from Russia a few months ago, was called as a witness before a committee appointed by the U.S. senate, stated that the chaotic condition reported to exist in certain quarters of Russia was not the fault of the Soviet government, but was caused by those people who are starting contra-revolutions. Williams said further that most of the bloody stories we hear about Russia and the murderous doings of the Bolsheviks was without foundation. Raymond Robbins, president of the Red Cross in Russia, expressed himself along the same lines as Williams. Mr. R. Reynolds Ball, an Englishman, who has been two years in Russia doing relief work, said on his return to England:

"I find that there is a great discrepancy between what my countrymen expect to hear about Russia and what I can tell them. Where one is expected to describe scenes of bloodshed and riot in the streets of Moscow and Petrograd I saw no scenes of bloodshed and disorder. The extreme shortage of food makes this somewhat remarkable. There was only one disturbance in Moscow while I was there, occasioned by the murder of Count Mirbach by the Soviet revolutionists and this disturbance was promptly suppressed by the Bolshevik government."

Mr. Ball says further that he has been in Samara and on the western frontier in Arakhan and the Caucasus and from time to time he has been in relation with Bolshevik commissars and found them well disposed and, as a rule, men with a sense of responsibility. Mr. Ball says that at all points he visited the Bolshevik government had a well organized chain of relief work. I have in my possession a bundle of clippings from American, English and Scandinavian papers, containing statements from Englishmen, Americans and Scandinavians who have been in Russia since the revolution and these are all along the line of those mentioned above. But what's the use? Some people are so prejudiced that they refuse to look at both sides of the question. The stories dished up in the public press are the most popular just now. However, there is an old saying that the truth is bound to come out some time, and it will.

Mr. Windspear thinks he could collect money enough to send me to Russia. A grand idea. I should like nothing better than to have a chance to go there and see for myself. But I am afraid this would not solve the question. Supposing I returned and told of a different condition existing to that represented by the daily press. Why the Bassano Mail editor, Mr. Windspear and others of the same mind would simply say that I was pro-Bolshevik and that I was not telling the truth. I have a much better plan to propose. If Mr. Windspear thinks he can collect the necessary amount of money I suggest that he himself, the editor of the Bassano Mail and I be appointed as a committee of three to go to Russia and investigate conditions. Should we find that all those horrible tales of bloodshed and murder published in the daily press are true, I for one, shall only be too willing to state so on our return. We will investigate things thoroughly and publish our investigations in the Mail and Call and thus make these papers famous. So, it's up to you, Mr. Windspear, to make good if you think well of the proposition.

J. GLAMBECK.

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NOTICE

All persons are hereby warned against buying any grain, hay or other produce, cattle, horses, wagons, harness, saddles, mowers or rakes from any Indian of the Blackfoot reserve without an officially printed permit issued by the Indian Agent.

Also not to take in pledge or make any loan upon any article to any Indian under penalty of having any such articles seized and being prosecuted for illegal pawning.

J. H. GOODERHAM
Indian Agent

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THE CALGARY BULL SALE

750 Registered Bulls

April 7th --to-- April 10th

Judging all day Monday, April 7th.

Alberta Cattle Breeders' Association Annual Meeting, Palliser Hotel, 8 p.m., April 7th.

Auction Sale, morning, afternoon and evening, April 8th, 9th and 10th.

Animals sold in the following order—8 Galloways, 265 Herefords, 360 Shorthorns, 125 Aberdeen Angus.

Sale patronized by the best Breeders in Alberta.

Special Passenger Rates—Fare and one-third from Alberta, good going April 6 to 9, and returning to April 12.

Special Freight Rates—The Association pays freight to purchasers in Alberta, Sask. and B.C. at nominal rates.

The best place to buy bulls. Send for catalogue.

Auctioneers—S. W. Paisley, Lascombe; J. W. Durne, Calgary; H. O. Teller, Farmington, Minn.

The Alberta Cattle Breeders' Association,

WM. SHARP, President. E. L. RICHARDSON, Sec. and Mang. Director. CALGARY.

Harness Sale

Owing to lack of room we are offering our entire stock of

**Harness,
Collars,
Saddles and
Hardware.**

at a Great Reduction:

Brass Team Harness 1½, Regular	\$85 00	now	\$75 00
Brass Team Harness 1½, Regular	59 00	now	48 00
Brass Team Harness 1½, Regular	79 00	now	66 00
Plow Harness, Regular	49 00	now	42 00
Four-Horse leather lines, Regular	8 75	now	7 00
Two-Horse leather lines, Regular	7 00	now	6 25
Two-Horse 1½ web lines, Regular	4 25	now	3 50
Team Bridles, Regular	9 00	now	7 75
Saddle, Regular	78 00	now	68 00
Saddle, Regular	74 00	now	65 00
Saddle, Regular	49 00	now	45 00
Collars, Cloth Faced, Regular	6 00	now	5 50
Collars, all Kip Faced, Regular	8 25	now	7 00
Short Straw from \$5.00 up.			
Sweat Pads, Regular	1 00	now	75

Brushes and Curry Combs.

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ALL AT REDUCED PRICES.

Pole Straps, 1½, Regular	\$1 45	now	\$1 30
Pole Straps, 1½, Regular	1 85	now	1 10
Martingales, 1½, Regular	1 50	now	1 30
Martingales, 1½, Regular	1 40	now	1 15

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FOR SALE SEED OATS

We have a few hundred bushels of Newmarket Seed Oats, grown in 1917. Government test 99 per cent at \$1 per bushel. Apply quick to Bennett Bros. Gleichen. Phone 60.

Miss Mabel Keeford is now in the hall and fire insurance business and represents such reliable companies as the Connecticut Fire Insurance Co. and the Rochester Underwriters of New York. Miss Keeford will shortly start an extensive advertising campaign and will be pleased to answer all enquiries at all times. A "quarter" has a Thrift Stamp.

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Because the bearings and shafts in the motor are unusually heavy with working parts enclosed.

It would be a good idea to look this tractor over

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For Sale Outfit No. 1

1 big 30-60 Aultman-Taylor gasoline engine in first-class condition and up-to-date with extensions for both front and rear wheels.

1 36-56 Aultman-Taylor separator, all complete, nearly new.

1 Big 10-bottom John Deere plow with two sets of bottoms, both breaker and stubble and extra lays.

1 12-foot 3-sections flexible 2000 lbs Durham Packer.

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1 heavy J. I. Case steel tender truck for tank.

1 Large cook car, fully equipped, painted and finished inside and out complete with heavy steel trucks.

The above outfit for sale on easy terms.

For Sale Outfit No. 2

1 Big 60-40 Holt Caterpillar engine nearly new and in first-class condition.

1 big 10 bottom John Deere plow with two sets of bottoms, both breaker and stubble and extra set of lays.

1 12-foot 3-sections, flexible, 2000 lbs. Durham packer.

1 500 gallon gasoline tank.

1 heavy J. I. Case steel tender truck for tank.

Both the above outfits are or will be put in first-class condition and sold on easy terms to the party buying either one or both outfits, as listed. If you wish, I will give you a section of fine land to break and prepare and this spring, the work you do for me to apply on the payment of the outfit and will also give you the harvesting and threshing of the crop, all to apply on the outfit. This is a bargain for someone who can handle it. All you need is a little money and bankable paper.

For Sale

All kinds of farm machinery: binders, binder hitches, drills and drill hitches, wagons and wagon hitches, hay racks and wagons, harrows, plows work horses, cows and many other things needed on the farm.

For sale by C. E. Williams, Enquire of Jas. Cameron, Gleichen.

If Thin, Nervous, Run Down, Depressed, This Will Help!

The wear and strain of life has tended in recent years to produce nervous debility in a large percentage of our population.

Thousands are affected with a feeling they can't exactly describe. They are always tired and droopy, lack ambition, have poor appetite, look pale and suffer from depressing headaches and insomnia.

This condition is full of peril. It is the stepping stone to invalidism, the beginning of a shattered constitution.

We advise everyone in this condition to take a good medicine at once and try to get well while yet there is time.

Probably no better advice can be given than to use Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which have become famous in restoring the sick to good health. A general toning up of the system at once takes place. The whole body is vitalized by rich and purer blood. The appetite is increased, food is digested and naturally strength rapidly increases. Headaches go because the bowels are regulated and all wastes are carried off.

There is no experiment about using Dr. Hamilton's Pills because they certainly restore the sick, as a trial will quickly prove. Just as good for the old as the young, and suitable to the needs of women and children. This grand family medicine should be in every home.

THE COMLYN ALIBI

— BY —
HEADON HILL

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued)

Gaspard called the order of the night—baccarat. The frivolous chatter ceased. The long, green table was quickly flanked by white shirt fronts and more or less white bosoms. Play began, and Kenyon, who had seated himself with the rest, under the spell of the fascination which had really inspired his search for Tony here, quickly lost all interest in anything but the cards that fluttered from the dealer's deft hands.

"Lord Burgulow," too prudent to risk the money with which Kenyon had supplied him on a game he did not understand, strolled about the room, a forlorn figure painfully apprehensive of critical glances which the players at the green table were much too absorbed to fling at him.

And then, suddenly, above the rustle of notes and the jingle of gold there rose loud and shrill from the hall below the piercing scream of a police whistle. It had hardly ceased when one of the liveried footmen burst into the room, white to the gills.

"We are raided!" he cried. "There's twenty coppers in the hall if there's one. Ah, here they come!"

Even as he spoke he was brushed aside, and constables in and out of uniform swarmed into the saloon. At the first alarm the players had risen in dismay, some jabbering like startled monkeys, others too scared to utter a sound. Louis Gaspard stood at the head of the table, the picture of blank despair. He had no time to conceal the gambling paraphernalia or to remove the proceeds of an hour's cheating. It was not so much the appearance before the magistrate that he dreaded as the account he would have to render to the terrible task-master whose figure-head he was. He did not know, though, Kenyon had already guessed it, that the raid was due to information laid by Morgan himself—to curtail the activities which the bravos from Segur Road had failed to stop at his Temple chambers the previous night.

"You are my p...ners, all of you," said the officer in command. "You will have to come to the police-station. I have cabs outside. I presume that you ladies and gentlemen won't give us any trouble. The front door is guarded and the servants are in custody."

A giggle from a well-known actress broke the tension. "It will be a novel sensation to do time," she lisped.

The quip acted like a tonic on Louis Gaspard's strange miscellany of guests. After all there would be nothing so awful in being fined or bound over, or whatever it was, at a police-court. It might even be a feather in their caps, stamping them as members of the smart set almost as much as having to give evidence at an inquest consequent on a drunken midnight frolic on the river. With mutual gibes and jests they allowed themselves to be led away. Honours were easy with the raiders till one of them approached "Lord Burgulow," who alone of all the company had shown no disposition to move, watching the proceedings with a detached professional interest.

"Come along, sir," said the constable humorously, tapping him on the shoulder. "We don't want to miss our train."

"How dare you speak to your superior officer that way?" was the indignant reply. "I am Inspector Taplin of the Bucks County Police, present more or less on duty."

"Who are you getting at?" the cockney captor of the inspector grinned. "On duty rather less than more, I'll say. Come, get a move on you. We're going to put the lights out and seal up the house."

Taplin choked and spluttered, but catching sight of Kenyon quietly leaving the room with a covey of fellow prisoners he yielded with what grace he could muster. He would bottle up the vials of his wrath till he could uncork them when the charge was taken at the police-station, which was apparently the course which the author of his gaudy meant to pursue.

So it was that Kenyon's quest for Sir Anthony came to naught, and at two o'clock in the morning of the day set for Mavis Comlyn's wedding he found himself on the way to Marlborough Street with no chance of getting bailed out at that hour. The outward complacency which had tempted poor Taplin to follow his example covered a very real sense of defeat. There was practically no hope that, having failed to find Tony, he would be able to do anything more.

As he was driven through the deserted London streets, checked by jowl with a patchouli-scented lady gambler, with a constable on the front seat, he nearly gave up the game as lost.

But not quite!

CHAPTER XXX.

How the Prodigal Returned

The reason why Kenyon's search for his friend and his attempt to "smash the first alibi," failed was, like most knotty problems, exceedingly simple in its solution—when you knew. Tony's discreet landlord at the Bury street lodgings had been correct in his surmise as to his erratic lodger's movements up to a certain point, and there the surmise had badly broken down.

In those dark days Tony's one object was to kill time. If he could not do that he felt that he must kill himself. The vigor of youth held him back from the last alternative, but he was only postponing it till it was no longer possible to feed his fevered soul with excitement. That moment would come when he had spent the last shilling of the hand-some sum which, by Morgan's instructions, he had been allowed to win at the Brown street gambling house in town. It was therefore to Kemp-ton race that he had gone at noon that day, taking with him the last two hundred pounds that remained of his winnings. Most of the rest had found its way back to Gaspard's coffers, which were really those of Jasper Morgan.

By five o'clock in the afternoon Tony had lost the whole of his remaining assets but ten sovereigns, and some loose silver. He was, as he put it to himself, sitting in the race special on the way back to town "broke to the world." There were only two courses open to him. He could go to Gaspard's once more and risk his ten pounds on the chance of fortune repeating itself, or he could throw out his brains and save further worry.

He inclined to the latter proposition. It was a thousand to one against his winning enough at Gaspard's to enable him to carry on, and if he did, what would be the use? It would all be gone in a few days, or weeks at most. Besides, he was sick of that garish house with its soft splendor and silent service. He had grown to hate the hot breath of the votaries of the green table, their half-naked bodies and the sly voice of Louis Gaspard calling the game.

No, it should be the other way out, but not here in the seething hot of London. He would go down to the free, fresh spaces of his Cornish home and snuff himself out of existence within sound of the Atlantic swell.

Having come to this decision he set about the matter very deliberately. He could not have hurried if he had wished. There was no through train to Cornwall before the nine fifty from Paddington, which would land him at St. Brannock's at about seven in the morning. There was no need to go to his lodgings to change his clothes. The tweed suit he was wearing would serve very well. All he had to do was to buy some sort of a pistol at Vaughan's in the Strand, get dinner somewhere where he was not likely to be recognized and catch the train.

All of which things he did. Which was why, while Kenyon and his unwilling coadjutor were hunting for him in likely places he was sitting in an obscure Soho restaurant, and why, later, while they were being raided at Gaspard's, he was asleep in a compartment of the west country express as it flitted through Devonshire.

When he arrived at St. Brannock's there were no public conveniences at the station, and he did not trouble to procure one at the hotel. He would walk over the moor to Merlin Farm, surprise good Martha Trevellyn, and get her to give him some breakfast.

And as he tramped the heather, drinking deep draughts of the pure morning air, somehow the thought of breakfast pushed that other baleful thought of suicide into the background. It would be time enough to think of that after he had assuaged the hunger that was filling him with pleasurable anticipations of Martha's incomparable management of eggs and bacon. He had a few pounds left. There was no reason why he should not defer the plunge into the unknown till he was down to his last copper. What would be spent in an hour in London would last him a week or two in Comlyn. It would be jolly to shoot a few more rabbits, and to catch a few more mackerel in the bay before he scattered his silly brains with the second hand Smith and Wesson he had purchased.

He would keep out of Mavis Comlyn's way during this period of reprieve, he promised himself. To meet her was the one thing he could not stand, now that she had chucked him in favor of that bounder at the Court. He had formed but a hazy

A Frightful Death, Suffocated by Asthma

The Dread of Such an Unhappy End Oppresses Every Sufferer

Every sufferer from Asthma knows the terror, the abject fear that overcomes them when struggling for breath. The old-fashioned remedies may relieve, but never cure. Best results come from **Catarhazone**, which cures Asthma after hope is abandoned. It's because Catarhazone kills the asthma germ that it cures. Choking, suffocating sensations and loss of breath are cured. Every trace of asthma is driven from the system, and even old chronic experience immediate relief and lasting cure. Equally good for Bronchitis, throat trouble and Catarrh. The large one dollar outfit includes the inhaler and lasts two months, sold by all dealers or from the Catarhazone Co., Kingston, Canada.

notion of when the marriage was to take place. Laurence Clegg had not known the date when he had informed him of the infamous engagement. He had concluded that a decent interval would have to follow the late Morgan's demise. Of the inexorable march of events which had put the ceremony forward to that very day he was profoundly ignorant. The mad whirl of dissipation into which Morgan's astuteness had tossed him on the flood tide of his lucky night in Brown street had dulled his senses and induced a sullen indifference.

Sub-consciously, as he trod his native heath, that mood was changing, and it was in a healthier frame of mind that he descended the dip to the farm. The blue smoke coiled from the crooked chimney of the kitchen, and Martha Trevellyn was throwing grain to her fowls in the yard. Tony was close to her before she saw him. She dropped the corn sieve and ran forward, clucking like one of her own hens.

"Why, Master Tony!" she cried. "You're a sight for sore eyes. Be it fair wind or foul that's drafted you here along?"

"That's as may be, Martha," replied Tony, wringing the plump hand. "Anyhow, here I am and as hungry as they make 'em."

"Come you right in then and have your breakfast," Mrs. Trevellyn insisted, turning to the house. "Will you have it alone or with young Tom Burbury in the kitchen. He's at it now, and it would save time if you joined him."

"Tom Burbury? What's the rascal doing at the farm, Martha? I know you take paying guests on occasion, but Tom Burbury! Has his mother turned him out of the rectory?"

"Hasn't Mr. Kenyon told you?"

"Martha, old dear, you are a regular jigsaw puzzle this morning. Has old Clayton been here? No, he hasn't told me anything. I haven't seen him for ever so long, and I have been rather wondering why."

"Yes, Mr. Kenyon spent the best part of a week at the farm—and at a good many other places hereabouts," replied Mrs. Trevellyn drily. "You'd better get posted by that little toad you'll breakfast with," she added with a touch of jealousy. "He was told a lot more by Mr. Kenyon than I was, besides finding out things for himself."

She led the way into the kitchen, where Tom Burbury was satisfying a chronic appetite that was in no way diminished by his enforced seclusion. The boy rose at the entrance of the object of his hero worship, gulping down his last mouthful.

"My word, Sir Anthony!" he cried, and then, after a furtive glance round, dropping his voice to a whisper: "You've come down to stop the wedding?"

"No, sonny," said West, sitting down and falling to, "I have come down on business that has more to do with a funeral than a wedding."

(To Be Continued)

Pure Seed and Increased Prosperity

Importance of Pure Seed Is Becoming More and More Recognized By Farmers

The importance of pure seed is becoming more and more recognized by farmers in Western Canada. There is no doubt that when this point is fully appreciated the high average crop yields of the prairie provinces will be still greater increased. No less than 40,000,000 bushels is the approximate quantity of seed required to sow the 25,000,000 acres of land devoted to field crops in Western Canada each year. These crops, when harvested, constitute four-fifths of the total wealth of the country. It is, therefore, easy to see that if any increase in yield and quality can be effected by the use of purer seed, it will have a considerable influence on the prosperity of the country.

In view of the high quality of seed that can be grown in Western Canada, it is not surprising that an increasing number of farmers are specializing along these lines and are meeting with encouraging success.

Good Prices for Wool
Lehrbridge, Alta. — Assistant General Manager O'Brien, of the Canadian Co-operative Grain Growers, estimates Western Canada's wool clip for 1919 at 4,500,000 pounds. He believes good prices will prevail, probably around 45 to 50 cents.

Of the fifteen lines comprising the system of Chinese government railways only one was built by the Chinese themselves.

Critical Conditions Still Exist

Greater Factory and Farm Production Necessary to Stabilize and Give Adequate Returns to Capital and Labor

Anxiety as to the building program for the West is being keenly felt, as at present, there is great depression in industrial circles. Factories cannot operate without orders, and they cannot obtain orders for future delivery until they can guarantee production at a price that the conditions will warrant, and which will not be above the current prices at the time of delivery. Builders cannot go ahead without contracts—raw materials must be procured at reasonable prices, labor schedules must be ascertained and a thousand and one things that enter into the cost of manufacturing must be carefully investigated before business will resume its normal conditions.

The present labor conditions are not helping matters along, but they are delaying the resumption of business; for that most important item of the cost of production is an unstable and doubtful quantity. Many manufacturers are granting higher wages, which matters little to them as long as their mills are not running, but when they do start labor costs must be fixed at least for a reasonable period, as a basis of cost finding.

It is not so much a question of price as it is of stability; for no manufacturer will contract his product at a price which is liable to be exceeded in the cost of production before that contract is completed.

Such are the conditions in many lines of business. Others are not so seriously affected, just at present, but they, too, will sooner or later be compelled to reckon the costs.

Our wealth is in the land, forests, mines, water powers and other resources of nature, and in the big plants, buildings, machines, railways and equipment of every kind that capital has furnished for converting these resources into the commodities of trade and distributing them to the consumer, said Mr. Roland. Capital can do nothing without labor—neither can labor develop this wealth without capital. They must be used together and it's up to Canada to get and keep all these forces of production in action, if we can expect to pay our war pledges. Manufacturers, merchants, financial institutions and business generally, are studying on a large scale, economy and greater efficiency. Efficiency is as necessary on the farm as it is in the factory, but the unsettled political situation is such that the farmer is really giving more study to the tariff and California winters, than he is to efficiency on the farm. What the West really needs, is 40 bushels of wheat to the acre instead of 20—100 bushels of oats instead of 50—30 head of cattle to the square mile instead of 2—100 hogs to the square mile instead of 1, and ten times as much butter, eggs, and poultry produced as at present. Greater production all round and a greater Canadian spirit for using goods made by Canadian labor, will yet be the solution of unemployment and this will increase national prosperity to that point where everybody will be making a reasonable investment from their labor and capital. A determined policy of production and expansion should be acted upon at once, and if Canada's tariff is high or low in spots, and economic and independent survey of those particular features should be carried out and a satisfactory adjustment based on facts, be arrived at by all interested.

Heart Palpitated
Count Every Beat

When the heart begins to palpitate, it will beat fast for several seconds, then slow, then start to flutter, and a feeling of utter exhaustion will come over your whole system, accompanied by weak, fainting and dizzy spells.

When the heart gets into this condition, you become weak, with an unstable, and are unable to attend to either social, business or household duties.

Anger's Heart and Nerve Pills will give prompt and permanent relief to all sufferers from any heart weakness or nerve derangements.

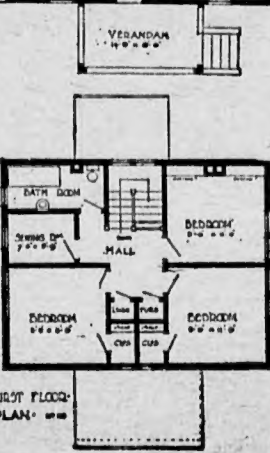
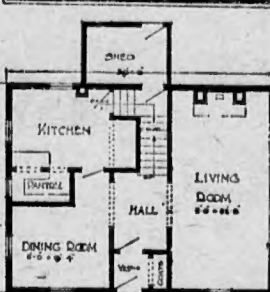
Mrs. Walter Greaves, Aylmer, Ont., writes: "I had been for years, and doctors told me I was anemic, but did not help me with their medicines. I could not sleep nights, my heart palpitated so, and I could count every beat."

I used to have such dizzy spells I would have to go to bed, I was not able to do any work for eight months. A cousin of mine had taken Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and told me what they had done for her. I took eight boxes of them, and now I am able to help every day with the work. I am so thankful to tell others what they have done for me, so that they may try this great and wonderful remedy. I hope they may prove good to some one who is suffering the way I did."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Farm Architecture and Building

A SEVEN ROOM HOUSE



concerned. I doubt if there are many offices in the West through which has passed a greater volume of correspondence and comment on this subject than this office, said Mr. Roland, and I venture to say that is going to effect the revenues of the country so much, should be put through by a wave of the hand at this critical period in our history.

Paint Up! Clean Up!

Editor Architectural Department—The following suggestions would not come amiss at this time and if you can spare space on your page it might help.

We are hearing a great deal from day to day with reference to the need for new homes to accommodate the ever increasing number of returning heroes. There is, however, an angle to this question that has not received the publicity it deserves, viz., the almost criminal waste of existing property through the lack of the most ordinary every day precautions.

False economy has been preached and practiced during the past few years; homes that would and should have been given the enduring protection of one or more coats of good paint have been neglected and the work of decay and destruction caused by the extremes of our climates, has gone unchecked.

The cost of painting the average home is more than offset by the increased life and value of well kept property. Most Western towns are made up largely of frame houses and on every hand there is evidence of the need for paint and the painter. We will shortly be in the throes of our annual clean up campaign.

There are a great many returned soldiers who are painters by trade who are able and eager for work. Would it not be a splendid thing if property owners helped just at this time by giving employment to painters, by having their premises painted this spring? It would kill two birds with one stone, give needed employment and beautify the property.—A Well Wisher.

Shorter Hours Advocated

Moose Jaw, Sask. — A radical proposal to shorten hours in the stores is under consideration and is meeting with favor from a large number of merchants. The proposal is that the daily hours be set by civic by-law at from 9 a.m. to 5.30 o'clock, the year round, and that the late hours on Saturday night be considerably shortened. In addition to this the proposal would provide for a half holiday on Wednesday during the whole of the months of June, July and August.

WORKING DRAWINGS AND HOUSE PLANS

Working drawings of the buildings shown on this page every week may be obtained from the Editor at the nominal price of \$5.00 per set. In the case of this design the working drawings may also be obtained through the local lumber dealer if he is a member of the Western Lumbermen's Association.

Important Invention

New Device for Cleaning and Grading Grain

The provincial and Dominion governments working in the interest of the agriculture classes, and fully aware of the facts and the importance of producing grain of the highest possible grade, have been for years unceasing in their efforts to educate the farmer in the proper



methods for the attainment of this object, and the keynote of all their instructions, is now and always been—"Sow Clean Seed." But since a very large percentage of the grain has become mixed and foul, the problem that farmers are up against, is how to procure this clean seed at a reasonable price.

The miller and large grain dealer, by installation of elaborate and expensive machinery, are able to clean their grain, but this equipment is beyond the means of the average farmer. The seed specialist, too, may hand-pick his grain. But this again is out of the question where hundreds of thousands of bushels are required for seed.

The production of a machine that will separate one particular kind of grain from another and one particular kind of grain from one or more kinds of noxious weeds will make all the separation necessary to absolutely insure clean grain, no matter how dirty, and that will also grade the seed, has been recently invented by Wm. M. Ferguson. The machine is now being manufactured in Winnipeg and the industry bids fair to be an important one for Western Canada.

Land Sales Heavy

Winnipeg, Man. — Reports from immigration agents of the Canadian Pacific railway in the United States declares that a record tide of new settlers from the States will set towards Canada this year, and that it will be made up of a class of well to do farmers. Canadian Pacific railway land sales have been exceptionally heavy recently, but sales during the coming season are expected to break all records.

British Prisoners in Moscow

London. — A newly arrived British refugee from Russia interviewed by Reuter's agency, mentioned that forty British naval and military prisoners captured on the North Russian front are at present captive in Moscow. The officers are imprisoned in small cells, but the men are allowed to circulate in the town, and even to visit British residents. They are better fed and clothed than the other prisoners. The Bolsheviks evidently are striving to win the men over, but up to now there has been no sign of success.

Airplane patrols to protect Ontario forests may be used in the near future by the provincial government.

IN THE SPRING-TIME



fore his ills become serious. During a hard winter or the following spring one feels rundown, tired out, weak and nervous. Probably you have suffered from cold or influenza which has left you thin, weak and pale. This is the time to put your system in order. It is the time for house-cleaning.

A good, old-fashioned alternative and temperance tonic is one made of wild roots and barks without the use of alcohol, and called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, in tablet or liquid form. This is nature's tonic which restores the tone of the stomach, activity of the liver and steadiness to the nerves, strengthening the whole system. Send Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 100 for trial package Tablets.

Windsor, Ont.—"Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and his 'Pleasant Pellets' are wonderful medicines for home use. I used to suffer with weak lungs, smothering spells and sick-headaches; but since I have taken the above mentioned medicines these conditions have left me."

"Such medicines as Dr. Pierce's are worthy of praise."—Mrs. Ellen Harding, 11 Erie Street, West.

NY one knows enough to carry an umbrella when it rains, but the wise one is he who carries one when it is only cloudy. Any one will send for a doctor when he gets bedfast, but the wiser one is he who adopts proper measures be-

Your Eyes
Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smearing, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists or by mail 60c per Bottle. For Book of the Eye free write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.



ENDORSED BY HORSEMEN UNIVERSALLY
SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND
 enjoys a reputation equalled by no other veterinary remedy. For 25 years it has been used and recommended by the leading horsemen and stockmen of America. For 25 years its use under trying conditions has won for it the highest esteem of veteran trainers and drivers. SPOHN'S should be in every stable to prevent contagion, whether INFLUENZA, PINK EYE, DISTEMPER, COUGH or COLD.
 SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, GOSHEN, INDIANA, U.S.A.

A Cure for Pimples

"You don't need mercury, potash or any other strong mineral to cure pimples caused by poor blood. Take Extract of Roots—drugist calls it 'Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup'—and your skin will clear up as fresh as a baby's. It will sweeten your stomach and regulate your bowels." Get the genuine. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles. At drug stores.

MONEY ORDERS

Remit by Dominion Express Money Order. If lost or stolen, you get your money back.

Lithuania to Get British Goods

Paris. — The Lithuanian government has concluded a commercial treaty with Great Britain by which Lithuania will receive a credit for the purchase of several million francs worth of goods, according to advice received here.

Catarrrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrrh Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrrh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrrh conditions. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. All Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A schedule of farm meetings in the interest of more and better live stock and diversified farming, is being arranged for Clay county, North Dakota.

Warts on the hands is a disfigurement that troubles many ladies. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove the blemishes without pain.

No man is great enough, wise enough, or good enough to be trusted with unlimited power.

THE SPRING TONIC FOR PALE, THIN PEOPLE

If You Want to Gain in Weight and Recover Your Appetite, Energy and Ambition, Try This Well Known Remedy

With the passing of winter many people feel weak, depressed and easily tired. The body lacks that vital force and energy which pure blood alone can give. In a word, while not exactly sick, the indoor life of winter has left its mark upon them, and a blood-building, nerve-restoring tonic is needed to give renewed health and energy. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an all-year-round blood builder and nerve tonic, but they are especially useful in the spring. Every dose helps to make new, rich, red blood, and with this new blood returning strength, cheerfulness and good health quickly follows.

If you are pale and sallow, easily tired, or breathless at the least exertion; if your complexion is poor, or if you are troubled with pimples or eruptions, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are just what you need to put you right. If you have twinges of rheumatism, are subject to headaches or backaches, if you are irritable or nervous, if your sleep does not refresh you, or your appetite is poor, you need the treatment which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills alone can give—you need the new blood, new health and new energy this medicine always brings.

A COMPLETE WRECK

Mrs. C. Forsythe, R.R. No. 2, Fisherville, Ont., says: "At the age of fourteen my daughter Viola was feeling very much run down in the spring. Then she was attacked with whooping cough which left her a complete wreck. She had no appetite, could not sleep well nights and was subject to chills which some times kept her in bed for the day. She was doctored steadily, but not apparently getting the least benefit, and I naturally grew very anxious. One of my neighbors suggested giving her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I got a box. When she began using the pills she weighed only 87 pounds. Before the box was all gone I sent and got six more boxes, and under their use she constantly grew stronger. Her appetite improved, the color came back to her cheeks, she could sleep well, and feels and looks like a different person, and with all this while using the pills she gained 20 pounds in weight."

A SALLOW COMPLEXION

Miss Gladys Marshall, Chatham, Ont., says: "I suffered from nervousness and my blood was in a very poor condition. My face broke out in pimples and my complexion was very sallow. I took doctors' medicine but without beneficial results. I was feeling much discouraged when a friend recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I used in all six boxes, and was overjoyed to find that my complexion had become quite clear, pimples had disappeared, my nerves were strengthened and my old-time health and ambition returned. I shall always have a good word to say for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Notwithstanding the increased cost of all drugs, there has been no change in the price of our Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They can be had through any medicine dealer at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, or will be sent on receipt of price by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Czechs Have Been Reinforced

Copenhagen.—In reply to a question in the national assembly at Weimar, Minister of Defence Noske said he was aware that the Czech forces on the northwestern frontier of Bohemia had been reinforced, a Berlin despatch says.

He said that necessary measures had been taken and that up to this time trustworthy troops were available to meet any invasion.

Premier Clemenceau has accepted the presidency of the Boy Scouts of France.

A Pill that Proves Its Value.

Those of weak stomach will find strength in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills because they serve to maintain the healthful action of the stomach and the liver, irregularities in which are most distressing. Dyspepsias are well acquainted with them and value them at their proper worth. They have afforded relief when other preparations have failed, and have effected cures in ailments of long standing where other medicines were found unavailing.

Bound to a stretcher aboard a naval flying boat, Lieut. David Gray, a convalescent officer, accompanied by a woman aerial nurse, was carried through space from the naval air station at Rockaway, L. I., to St. Luke's Hospital, Manhattan, about 18 miles, in 49 minutes.

A branch of the Grain Growers' association has been organized in Mather district.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on the box. 30c.

Every man has a threefold nature: That which he exhibits, that which he has and that which he thinks he has.

Minard's Liniment Cures, Burns, etc.

Calgary is planning for another Stampede, to be held from Aug. 26 to 30.

Airship in Test Flight

London. — The British airship R-34 returned to her base on the Clyde after a flight which kept her in the air continuously for 19 hours. The itinerary included a flight to Dublin, the circling of the Isle of Man and home by way of Liverpool and the Midlands. It was intended to remain in the air 24 hours and circle Ireland. The Evening Standard says that the next flight of the ship will be over the ocean to make certain tests. An attempt will then be made to cross the Atlantic.

"What happens to animals after death?" is a profound question. We know what becomes of rats. They become violin strings and genuine sable furs. But what happens to dogs is the worst.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Casualties among the reindeer with the Canadian troops in Siberia are reported. Was there ever in the history of the world another war in which both reindeer and camels were employed?

Marion Bridge, C.B., May 30, '02.

I have handled MINARD'S LINIMENT during the past year. It is always the first Liniment asked for here, and unquestionably the best seller of all the different kinds of Liniment I handle.

NEIL FERGUSON.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON FOR APRIL 6 — GOD THE FATHER ALMIGHTY
 1. God the Creator (Gen. 1:1, 27).

God was before all things. God the uncaused cause is the cause of all things. "Before the mountains were brought forth, or even thou hadst formed the earth and the world, even from everlasting to everlasting, thou art God" (Psalm 90:2). The universe came into being by the will and act of the personal being called God. In verse one is enunciated the sublime philosophy of every right life. In the beginning of all science and philosophy—God; in the beginning of every life—God; in the beginning of every year—God; in the beginning of every day—God; in the beginning of every business—God; in the beginning of every thought, plan and human relationship—God. Conviction as to this sets one free from the false philosophy of the age. Man himself is a creation of God, not an evolution. Man was created in the likeness and image of God. This precludes the foolish idea that man ascended from and through a brute. He came into being by a special creative act of God, having been preceded by a special council of the Godhead (Gen. 1:26, 27). Those who believe this record repudiate the Darwinian theory of man's origin as not only a human vagary, but a vicious philosophy inspired by the devil. When man came forth from the Creator's hands he was neither a savage nor a baby; he possessed the powers of a mature man. As an example of the maturity of his intellect, he named the animals as they passed before him.

2. God the Preserver (Psalms 103:1-14). All created things would perish were it not for the preserving mercies of God. It embraces the following gracious beneficial acts: 1. Forgives all iniquities (v. 3).—Pardon is the prime necessity if moral things are to be preserved. 2. Healteth all diseases (v. 3). This refers to the healing of the body and the soul. Renovation of man's moral nature is necessary. 3. Redeemeth the life from destruction (v. 4). Redemption implies the payment of all demands against the debtor. God in Christ performs the part which the individual failed to perform, and crowns him with the full right of citizenship in his kingdom. 4. "Satisfieth thy mouth" (v. 5). This means that God satisfies all legitimate desires and thus the youth is renewed. The original capacities are restored to their native vigor. 5. Executeth righteousness and judgment (v. 6-14). The wrongs of life are righted and thus man is relieved of the burdens which they entail. He extends his pity toward us.

3. God Our Father (Matt. 6:24-34). Christ came to reveal the Father. The subjects of the kingdom will love him as a child loves its father.

1. Undivided affection (v. 24). The child of the heavenly Father makes

W. N. U. 1257

the unequivocal choice between God and the world, for unless God has the first place he has no place.

2. Not anxious about food and clothing (v. 25-32). (1) It is useless (v. 27). Anxiety can bring nothing. "My God will supply all our needs" (Phil. 4:19). (2) It shows distrust of the Father (v. 28-30). In the measure that one is anxious about these things he shows his lack of faith in the ability and love of God. If we would please God we must come to him in faith (Heb. 11:6). The birds and flowers shame us in this (v. 26-28). (3) It is heathenish (v. 32). We do not wonder that those who are ignorant of God should manifest anxiety, but for his children to do so is to play the heathen. He knows that we have need of temporal things and if he cares for the flowers and birds he will surely not allow his children to suffer.

3. He diligently seeks the kingdom of God (v. 33, 34). He subordinates temporal things to things of the spirit. This shows the right relationship that a child of God is to sustain to secular affairs. This does not mean that a child of God does not exercise proper forethought in making a support for himself and family. The warning is not against legitimate forethought, but anxious worry.

Spare the children from suffering from worms by using Miller's Worm Powders, the most effective vermifuge that can be got with which to combat these insidious foes of the young and helpless. There is nothing that excels this preparation as a worm destroyer, and when its qualities become known in a household no other will be used. The medicine acts by itself, requiring no purgative to assist it, and so thoroughly that nothing more is desired.

Edmonton, Alta.—The provincial government will be urged to construct immediately a modern home for incurables.

A shipment of Marquis wheat has been made from Regina to Australia to be used for seed purposes.

Rheumatism In Back and Leg

Sometimes So Bad Could Not Walk—Pain Almost Unbearable—Found a Cure After Five Years of Suffering

Sanguo, Alta., April 8.—Here is more proof that the way to get rid of pain is by cleansing the system of poisonous impurities.

When the kidneys fail to do their work of purifying the blood there is sure to be pain and suffering. Lumbago, rheumatism, backache, head-ache, pains in the limbs, are the natural result. Mr. Robinson found that when he got the action of the kidneys corrected by use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, that the pains and aches disappeared. Cure was effected eight years ago, so it can safely be called lasting.

Mr. J. A. Robinson, Sanguo, Alta., writes: "I suffered from kidney trouble for years. I also had rheumatism in my back and down one leg, and sometimes I could not walk. The rheumatism would settle in my hip or the calf of my leg and the pain was most unbearable. I tried three different doctors, but it was of no avail. I suffered in this way for about five years. Then Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills were recommended to me, and before I had used the first box I was completely cured. It is now eight years since I first took them, and I am in the best of health today. I always keep Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills on hand and take one occasionally."

(Mr. D. T. Kuhn, Commissioner of Oaths, says: "Mr. J. A. Robinson, Sanguo, Alta., is personally known to me, and I have every reason to believe him to be a man of his word under these and all other circumstances.")

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c a box. At all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting substitutes or imitations, for they only disappoint.

The Advent of the Silo

Will Revolutionize Live Stock and Dairy Industries in Western Canada

Up to the present time silos have not been generally used on the farms in Western Canada. There are signs, however, that there will be more of them in the future. Up and down the country they are making their appearance gradually and with the closer settlement leading to the occupation of what has hitherto been free range, silos will be relied upon in increasing numbers to supply winter feed.

Near Lacombe, Alberta, four silos have been erected during the past season for the purpose of supplying winter feed to a large herd of beef cattle. The owners are most enthusiastic about them, claiming that they enable them to double the number of cattle hitherto supported on their land. Peas and oats are the principal crops used for ensilage here.

In the irrigated areas, alfalfa is already used as ensilage, as is also corn, sunflowers, and other crops. The more general use of silos will revolutionize the live stock and dairy industries in Western Canada.

PIMPLES ITCHED AND BURNED

Face Was Badly Disfigured. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Healed.

"Small red pimples and blackheads began on my face, and my face was badly disfigured. Some of the pimples festered while others scaled over and there were places where the pimples were in blotches. They used to itch and burn terribly. I saw an advertisement for Cuticura and I tried them. They stopped the itching and burning and I used four cakes of Soap and three boxes of Ointment which healed me." (Signed) Miss V. A. Hayne, Stormont, N. S., Dec. 26, '18.

The Cuticura Talcum, consisting of Soap, Ointment and Talcum, promotes skin purity, comfort and health when used for every-day toilet purposes. For Sample Book Free by Mail, address: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U.S.A." Sold everywhere.

What Is He Worth?

Value of the Bull in Building Up a Profitable Herd

At a certain agricultural meeting a discussion arose regarding the relative value of the bull. A grizzled old farmer arose to his feet and said: "My experience is that the bull is half the herd; yes, and he's darn near all of it if he's a bad one."

An admirer of Shorthorns puts it this way: A steer of inferior breeding goes to market weighing 900 lbs. and sells for 8c per pound. On the same day a steer of the same age, sired by a registered Shorthorn bull, goes to market weighing 1500 lbs., and sells for 14 1/2c per lb. The total price for the one is \$72, for the other \$217.50, a difference of \$145.50. In other words, the steer by the registered Shorthorn bull sells for as much money as three of the others. It is just possible that a registered Shorthorn bull is the most profitable investment on the farm where beef production is followed.

At a recent Ontario provincial winter fair, the steer which was beaten in his class only by the steer which afterwards won the grand championship of the show, was out of a little scrubby cow of no particular breeding. How did it happen that such a miserable little cow produced such a good steer? The answer is simple. The sire of the steer was a good Shorthorn bull.

Perhaps an independently wealthy man can afford to use a scrub bull if he wants to, but the man who has to make his money off the farm cannot afford to use a scrub bull at any price—not even though received as a gift. The difference in the value of the progeny will pay many times over the difference between the price of a good bull and a scrub—G. E. Day, Sec. D.S.B.A.

New American Invention

Device Is an Automatic Guide for Airplanes

Fort Worth, Texas. — Under automatic control, an airplane capable of carrying a heavy load and operated without human guide, has made a trip of 100 miles and landed close to the point it set out to reach, Newton Baker, secretary of war, disclosed in an address here. Secretary Baker, with General March, chief of staff, came here to inspect Camp Bowie.

The device which made such a flight possible and which has been kept secret, Mr. Baker said, is an automatic guide for airplanes and was invented in America. It is designed as an instrument of war and the secretary referred to it in describing to his audience the possible horrors of future wars if there is to be no league of nations.

Secretary Baker did not explain the exact nature of the invention, but made it clear that the war department considered it one of the most wonderful pieces of mechanism for war's destructive purpose.

This Young Farmer Is Enthusiastic

In the Good Health Brought by Dodd's Kidney Pills

Frank Corrigan Suffered From Sore Back for Two Years, But One Box of Dodd's Kidney Pills Chased Away All His Troubles.

Island Brook, Que., Mar. 31. (Special). — Mr. Frank Corrigan, a well-known young farmer living near here is spreading the good news that his sore back, from which he suffered for two years, has vanished, almost miraculously, before a short treatment of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"Yes, I am completely cured," Mr. Corrigan says with enthusiasm, "and Dodd's Kidney Pills did it. My troubles started from a strain and I suffered for two years. My back ached, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing, and I felt heavy and sleepy after meals. I perspired freely with the least exertion, I was depressed and low spirited, and I was troubled with pressure and sharp pain on the top of my head."

"I tried the doctor without getting lasting relief, but one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me completely. Dodd's Kidney Pills gave such prompt and sure relief because all of Mr. Corrigan's troubles came from his kidneys. They are a kidney remedy pure and simple. They have a long record of kidney cures. Ask your neighbors about Dodd's Kidney Pills."

The Noble foundation at Nobleford is proving that large scale farming with profit sharing is a successful operation. Despite a poor season last year, 15 per cent. has been paid the shareholders for last year's working, compared with 25 per cent. in 1916.

It is said that the family of ferns comprises about 6,000 distinct species with practically innumerable varieties of these species.

WHEN NEURALGIA ATTACKS NERVES

Sloan's Liniment scatters the congestion and relieves pain

A little, applied without rubbing, will penetrate immediately and rest and soothe the nerves.

Sloan's Liniment is very effective in allaying external pains, strains, bruises, aches, stiff joints, sore muscles, lumbago, neuritis, sciatica, rheumatic twinges.

Keep a big bottle always on hand for family use. Made in Canada. Druggists everywhere.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain
 30c, 60c, \$1.20

Will Not Admit Chinese

Shipping Companies Instructed Not to Carry New Immigrants

Victoria. — Hon. J. A. Calder, minister of immigration, following representations made to him by British Columbia members, has decided to put the following regulations in effect, according to an Ottawa special to the Colonist:

To effectively enforce the order prohibiting the entry into Canada of skilled and unskilled labor.

Shipping companies will be instructed not to carry new Chinese immigrants. The head tax of 1,200 Chinese now in China, awaiting transportation to British Columbia, will be returned and their entry refused.

All Chinese who were in Canada three months before the armistice and who wish to return to China will be deported and their head tax returned. All Chinese now in the country who have paid head tax as students and cannot show definitely that they are bona fide students will be deported.

Further admission of Chinese disguised as students, merchants or otherwise will be effectively prohibited by the alien labor order in council. The period of return of those Chinese having the right to return to Canada from China will be extended so they will remain in China during the period of reconstruction.

Germans Invited to Versailles

Copenhagen.—The British commission at Spa has invited the German government to send a financial commission to Versailles, according to Berlin advices. This commission is to be limited to six persons, who will be allowed speedy and unimpeded intercourse with their government.

Japan plans to install an exchange that will receive wireless telephone calls from ships at sea and connect the callers with land lines.

Splendid Record Achieved during 1918

THE year 1918 was for the business of life assurance a year of supreme achievement. Owing to the combined effect of the war and the influenza epidemic, death claims were unusually high. The payment of these claims enabled the Companies to render an unprecedented measure of public service, and to fulfill to a more noteworthy degree than ever previously the beneficent purpose for which they were founded.

The record achieved during 1918 by the Sun Life of Canada was one of particularly striking success. For the first time in the Company's history new assurances paid for exceeded Fifty Million Dollars. The growth in size, strength and prosperity accentuates the Company's position as not merely the leader among Canadian Life offices, but one of the great insurance corporations of the world.

The Company's financial power is emphasized by its large Assets, Income and Surplus. During the year \$7,460,000 was added to the Assets, which at December 31st, had reached the huge total of \$97,620,000. The income is now \$21,651,000, while the undivided Surplus is \$8,027,000.

THE RESULTS FOR 1918

ASSETS		
Assets as at 31st December, 1918		\$97,620,378.85
Increase over 1917		7,460,344.61
INCOME		
Cash Income from Premiums, Interest, Rents, etc., in 1918		21,651,009.69
Increase over 1917		2,302,102.01
PROFITS PAID OR ALLOTTED		
Profits Paid or Allotted to Policyholders in 1918		1,546,607.16
SURPLUS		
Total Surplus 31st December, 1918, over all liabilities and capital (According to the Company's Standard, which is more severe than that laid down by the Insurance Act.)		8,027,378.55
TOTAL PAYMENTS TO POLICYHOLDERS		
Death Claims, Matured Endowments, Profits, etc., during 1918		9,768,544.28
Payments to Policyholders since organization		78,802,881.15
ASSURANCES ISSUED DURING 1918		
Assurances issued and paid for in cash during 1918		51,591,592.04
Increase over 1917		8,779,824.56
BUSINESS IN FORCE		
Life Assurance in force 31st December, 1918		340,979,656.13
Increase over 1917		28,508,710.43

THE COMPANY'S GROWTH

YEARS	INCOME	ASSETS	LIFE ASSURANCES IN FORCE
1872	48,210.73	90,461.95	1,004,850.00
1885	274,863.50	730,940.10	6,779,566.00
1898	1,240,453.12	4,001,776.90	27,799,757.00
1902	2,968,128.50	15,503,776.48	75,881,181.00
1910	12,398,401.64	58,720,347.32	202,568,596.00
1918	21,651,009.69	97,620,378.85	340,979,656.00

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA



1871

HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL

T. B. MACAULAY, President

1919

The Busy Store

We are just in receipt of the Spring



Society Brand Clothes

and Summer samples of Society Brand Clothes made in Montreal

They proclaim alertness, good taste and care for detail, yet they are never extreme in style or pattern.

Our selections are so varied in patterns colorings and styles, and the prices range so wide that men and young men with the most positive tastes and style preferences can make immediate selections.

We are also agents for the famous House of Hobberlin of Toronto.

The Ladies of Gleichen and district are invited to inspect our new range of Fancy Voiles. No two alike. Every dress is exclusive. Splendid value at \$1.50 per yard.

WEBSTER BROS., Ltd.

MOTTO: "Your Monies Worth or Your Money Back"

Local and District News

COMING EVENTS

Charges are 25c. per line under Coming Events heading unless otherwise advertised with the CALLS.

April 3—Agricultural Association meeting.

April 3—A. W. Walker auction sale, 8 miles north of Gleichen.

April 7 to 10—Calgary Bull Sale

April 14 and 15—Canada at Mons in Opera House.

April 21—"The Girl I left behind me" in Opera House.

First Friday in each month—the Town Council meets.

First Monday in each month Public School Trustees met.

Monday noon—Change your ad.

A Gleichen branch of the G. W. V. A. was formed Saturday night, but as there were only a few present most of the business was left over for another meeting to be called at an early date. Bob Staback was elected secretary to whom all correspondence should be addressed. At present only between twenty and thirty have enrolled, but no difficulty is expected in reaching well on to 200 members.

F. N. Lett, who has been manager of the Gleichen branch of the Royal Bank for the past two years, left last week with his wife and child for Vancouver, where he has accepted a similar position. His successor is B. Hutcheson, who has already arrived from Gadsby, Alta. Many private parties were given during the past few weeks by their friends in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Lett, and the Masons entertained him one evening in their hall at a banquet.

ESTRAY—Grey mare, branded on left shoulder; black year old mare; no brand; mare yearling. \$40 reward. Notify John Koefoed. 281f 25c. Buys a Thrift Stamp.

The Palm Parlors

Under New Management...

Choice Fish Fruits

Lettuce, Green Onions. Celery, Etc, Etc.

High Grade Chocolates and Candy

Ice Cream and Soft Drinks

Hot Drinks and Lunches

Tobaccos, Cigars and Cigarettes

Give us a Call and get acquainted

N. T. PURCELL,

Proprietor, Gleichen

Town of Gleichen Assessment Roll 1919

Notice is hereby given that the assessment roll of the Town of Gleichen for the year 1919 has been prepared and is now open to inspection at the office of the Secretary-treasurer of the town from ten o'clock in the forenoon to four o'clock in the afternoon on every day which is not a public holiday except Saturday, (and on that day from ten o'clock in the morning to twelve noon), and that any ratepayer who desires to object to the assessment to himself or of any

other person must within thirty days after the date of this notice lodge his complaint in writing at my office. Dated at Gleichen this twenty-first day of March, 1919.

PETER MacLEAN, Assessor.

A. DANIELS
PAINTING and
PAPER HANGING
Gleichen St., - Gleichen

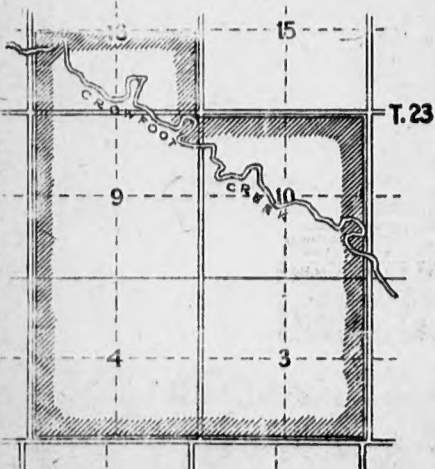
FOR SALE

BY

WESTERN STOCK RANCHES, LTD.

The following lands in the vicinity of Crowfoot Creek, namely:
All of Sections 3, 4, 9 and South half of Section 16-23-20-W. of 4

TOWNSHIP 23. RANGE 20. W. of 4.



THE CROWFOOT CREEK runs through the South Half of Section 16 and through Sections 9 and 10, and the block contains both arable and pasture lands. The lands for sale lie immediately to the north of the road allowance between Townships 22 and 23, Range 20, West of 4, and the cut on the left shows the location thereof.

The Directors of the Company, before listing these lands for sale with agents, realizing the increasing shortage of pasture and watering facilities in this district, decided to first of all give the residents in the district the first opportunity to acquire the said lands if they so desired.

Written offers to purchase the whole or portions of the said lands will be received by the Company up till and including the 30th day of April, 1919, and the highest or any offer need not necessarily be accepted.

Parties offering to purchase, in the event of their offer or offers being accepted, must be prepared to pay twenty-five per cent of the purchase price in cash; the balance will be arranged on a reasonable basis, with interest at six per cent. per annum.

Further particulars with regard to the land will be supplied on application to

P.O. Drawer 163, Calgary.

THE WESTERN STOCK RANCHES, Ltd.

Telephone M1514, Calgary.

All offers must be addressed as above.